2020 COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



TIBURON, CALIFORNIA FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Tiburon Fire Protection District

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by Heidi Rosevear, Finance Officer Tiburon, California

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TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS

2020 Board of Directors

President Cheryl Woodford

Vice President David Kirchhoff

Secretary Tom O'Neill

Director Robert Miller

Director Steve Sears

Command Staff

Fire Chief Richard Pearce, CFO, MBA

Battalion Chief Tommy Hellyer, Training Battalion Chief Steve Ardigo, Operations Battalion Chief Colin Jackson, Logistics

Finance Officer
Heidi Rosevear



Citizens of the Tiburon Fire Protection District

Board of Directors

Fire Chief Richard Pearce

Deputy Fire Marshal Mike Lantier		Battalion Chie Tommy Hellye		Batallion Chief Steve Ardigo			Batallion Chief Colin Jackson			Finance Officer Heidi Rosevear
Prevention Staff	Captain Ehren Miller	Lieutenant Acting Officers Engineer	FF/PM Firefighters	Captain Dave Newman	Lieutenant Acting Officers Engineer	FF/PM Firefighters	Captain Rod Stewart Captain Acting Officers Engineer FF/PM Firefighters		FF/PM Firefighters	Executive Assistant Nicole Chaput
	Trainees			Trainees			Trainees			



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RICHARD PEARCE, FIRE CHIEF

December 9, 2020

Board of Directors Tiburon Fire Protection District 1679 Tiburon Boulevard Tiburon, California 94920

Members of the Board:

We are pleased to present the Tiburon Fire Protection District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This is the ninth consecutive CAFR produced by the District.

The Finance Department has prepared this report following the guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) and is in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governmental entities established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Responsibility for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the presented data and the clarity of presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the District.

THE REPORTING ENTITY - PAST AND PRESENT

HISTORY AND FORMATION OF TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

Throughout the first half of the twentieth century, what is now downtown Tiburon was dominated by the Northwestern Pacific Railroad Company headquarters, ferry docks and repair shops. During those early years, serious fires damaged portions of the railroad yard and several homes, which led residents of the community to petition the Marin County Board of Supervisors for organized fire protection. In April 1941, voters approved the formation of a new fire district for the Tiburon peninsula and elected three fire commissioners. The first roster of volunteer firefighters was comprised of seventeen men, many of whom were employed by Northwestern Pacific and lived on the hillside above the railroad yard.

The new Fire District entered into a three-year lease agreement at five dollars per month for a fire station site at what is now 1690 Tiburon Blvd. The volunteer firefighters built a wood frame, two-stall engine house on the property. Emergency phones were installed in the fire station and in the homes of the Chief, Assistant Chief and Commissioners. Volunteers were alerted by the NWP air horn alarm system which could be actuated from any of the railroad alarm locations. In October

1941 they took delivery of a new White 500 GPM pumper built by the Van Pelt Company of Oakdale, California.

In September of 1946, the District leased property from the Northwestern Pacific Railroad Company and moved the fire station across the street to the District's current location at 1679 Tiburon Blvd. Another engine was purchased from Van Pelt in 1949 for fighting grass and brush fires on the peninsula. Radio equipment was installed in both trucks with Civil Defense matching funds.

The District remained an all-volunteer fire department until December 1959, when Franklin J. Buscher was appointed as the District's first paid Fire Chief at the age of twenty-five. Under Buscher's leadership, new goals were developed for the department including an emphasis on training, improved records and standards of operation, and a systematic plan for building a full-time work force. The 1960-61 budget of \$60,251 was enough to begin hiring firefighters and construct a substation in the northern section of the District. Clive Cloverdale became the District's first paid fireman on August 1, 1960 and a new two-stall fire station was ready for occupancy at 4301 Paradise Drive the following month. The District experienced steady growth throughout the 1960s with the addition of equipment and personnel. By 1970, both stations were fully staffed 24/7 with five paid personnel each day – three at Headquarters and two at Paradise Drive.

An increase in emergency medical calls in the 1970s led to a formal first aid training program for all personnel and the purchase of an ambulance. In 1979, voters approved the establishment of a Joint Powers Authority, the Southern Marin Emergency Paramedic System (SMEMPS), which significantly improved the level of pre-hospital emergency care for all Tiburon and Southern Marin residents. Firefighters from each Southern Marin Agency were trained as paramedics and performed dual services. Three ambulances, located in Tiburon, Tam Valley and Sausalito, provided basic life support (BLS) transport and were backed up by two paramedic/firefighters operating in a Rescue Squad station at the central Mill Valley Fire Station.

During Buscher's tenure, the Board of Directors committed the District to fire prevention by adopting the Uniform Fire Code. A rigorous home inspection program was developed along with annual business inspections. Requirements for new construction in Tiburon included fire alarm systems, roadway and hydrant installations. The endorsement of built-in fire protection and life safety systems was expanded in 1983 when Tiburon became one of the first communities in the state to adopt a 100% sprinkler ordinance which required the installation of automatic fire sprinkler systems in all newly constructed and substantially remodeled buildings.

In 1981 the Tiburon Fire District contracted with the City of Belvedere, providing emergency medical and fire related services to the City. This contract added three additional personnel to the staff including a fire marshal and two firefighters. The Belvedere Volunteer Fire Department was merged with the Tiburon Volunteer Fire Department and the old Belvedere Fire Station was converted to a community center.

Chief Buscher was a leader of many statewide organizations and served as Chairman of the Marin County Fire Chiefs Association, State of California Fire Chiefs Association and as Coordinator for Marin County Office of Emergency Services. Among Chief Buscher's many successes was spearheading the Countywide and Statewide Mutual Aid Systems that are still in use today.

He retired in 1993 and Rosemary Bliss, the District's Fire Marshal under Chief Buscher, was appointed as the next Fire Chief. Chief Bliss was instrumental in developing the long range financial plan for the District. A committee comprised of the District Board, Staff, Volunteer Firefighters and community members from both Tiburon and Belvedere worked to establish benchmarks for financial stability and to address potential negative effects on the District from both inside and outside influences. As a result of this planning the SMEMPS Operating structure was reorganized to better meet the needs of the Southern Marin area and address increasing demands on the medical delivery system. This model change, along with updating the contract with the City of Belvedere, were two of the many actions taken over the past several years that put the District on a solid financial footing.

Chief Bliss also served as Chair of the Marin County Fire Chiefs Association and worked to create Countywide Fire Prevention Standards throughout Marin County. Under Chief Bliss, disaster preparedness was given a high priority and after the terrorist attacks of 2001 the District applied for and received a FEMA grant for the purpose of training personnel and providing a disaster cache of equipment. Three members of the District were also added to the Marin County Urban Search and Rescue Team.

Chief Bliss retired in 2002, and Richard Pearce was appointed Fire Chief. Chief Pearce continues to build on the efforts of both Chief Buscher and Chief Bliss. The District's long-range financial position was identified early, and potential impacts of the economic downturn at that time were addressed. Through planning efforts, action was taken by Chief Pearce and the Board of Directors to provide for the long-range capital, salary and maintenance needs of the District. These actions included establishing an Assigned and Unassigned Resource Policy to fund each category to the appropriate levels and to aggressively prefund future retirement obligations and other post-retirement benefits. A Committed Resource Policy was added during the 2016-17 fiscal year. These efforts have minimized the overall negative financial impacts to the District during the most recent economic downturn, while ensuring the Mission and Strategic Goals are met without further taxation on the constituents. Chief Pearce remains active in all local, state and national fire service organizations and currently serves on the Board of Directors for the Fire Districts Association of California. This involvement provides opportunities to influence and promote issues of interest to the District both financially and operationally, or to defeat issues that are contrary to its mission.

Chief Pearce is committed to making the District a recognized leader in responsible local governance while setting standards of excellence in all-risk preparation, prevention and protection of our citizens and visitors. This is evidenced by expanding the response capabilities with additional personnel and apparatus such as a fireboat and rescue vehicle. These efforts have resulted in the lowering of the Districts ISO rating, which ultimately reduces the rates constituents pay for insurance. The District has embarked on bold initiatives such as the CAFR which provide benchmarks for excellence in administration, finance and operations of the District.

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT TODAY

The Tiburon Fire Protection District is an autonomous Special District as defined under the Fire Protection District Law of 1987, Health and Safety Code, Section 13800, of the State of California.

A five-member Board of Directors, elected by their constituents and each serving a four-year term, governs the District. The Directors meet once a month at the Headquarters Station to determine overall policy for the District. Special committee meetings provide oversight in Personnel and Finance.

Internal Control - In developing and evaluating the District's accounting system, priority is given to the accuracy of internal accounting control. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, the accuracy and reliability of accounting data and the adherence to prescribed managerial policy. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the cost-benefit analysis requires estimates and judgments by management.

Accounting System and Budgeting Controls - The District's accounting and budgeting records for the basic financial statements in this report conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) according to standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The District maintains extensive budgetary controls. The District's Annual Budget, adopted no later than the August Board meeting, provides overall control of revenue and expenditures, including appropriations (budgeted expenditures) on a line item basis and the means of financing them (budgeted revenue). The Finance Officer produces monthly reports on expense activity that assist the Battalion Chiefs in monitoring activities and programs. These reports are also reviewed by the Fire Chief and the Finance Committee to assure budgetary compliance. The legal level of budgetary control is set at the object classification level. Subtotals of Capital Outlay & Debt Service, Salaries & Benefits, and Services & Supplies must remain within the approved budget, or a budget amendment must be proposed to and approved of by the District Board.

As a recipient of federal, state and county financial assistance, the District is responsible for ensuring that an adequate control structure is in place to comply with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by the Finance Officer and Fire Chief.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) - GASB requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of MD&A. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Financial Condition - Fund balance designations in the general fund fall within the policy guidelines set by the Board for budgetary and planning purposes. As part of the budget process each year, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned Resource allocations are reviewed and reallocated if necessary to meet the District's long term goals. Reallocations are presented to and approved by the Board. For each of the past ten years, the District has maintained a total Fund Balance of at least 67% of annual revenues.

Audit of Financial Statements - The District contracts for an independent audit each year to provide reasonable assurance that its financial statements are free of material misstatements. This annual audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The District engaged the accounting services of Terry E Krieg, CPA to perform the audit of its financial statements. The auditor has issued an unmodified opinion on the District's financial statements indicating they are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

Local Economy - The Tiburon Fire Protection District serves a prosperous community with an average unemployment rate of 5.1% during the fiscal year 2019-20, less than California average unemployment rate of 7.0% for the same period. The local housing market has continued to pick up in recent years, and property values in Tiburon have been increasing. It is possible, however, that the District's predominant revenue source, property tax revenue could stall in response to the global pandemic. Slower growth is anticipated over the next several years and the District's management will continue to proceed with fiscal prudence.

District Operations - The District is responsible for providing the highest level of emergency and non-emergency services to the community in an effort to protect life, property and the environment. The District's service area encompasses approximately 5.5 square miles, serving a population of over 11,000 and protecting the Town of Tiburon, the City of Belvedere, unincorporated residential and wildland areas on the peninsula and parts of the San Francisco Bay to Angel Island State Park. Within the boundaries of the District are large single-family homes and multi-family residential complexes, numerous small businesses and hiking trails.

As of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the District has thirty-two employees (24 career safety, 3 administrative personnel, 2 prevention personnel and 3 firefighter trainees) staffing two companies, which include structure engines, wildland engines and support units. The Fire Chief oversees the general operations of the District in accordance with the policy direction prescribed by the Board of Directors. The Fire Chief is supported by a Deputy Fire Marshal, a Finance Officer, an Executive Assistant and three Battalion Chiefs, each serving as the District's Training, Logistics or Operations Officer.

Each Battalion Chief and the Finance Officer are responsible for distinct operational functions of the District. The Operations Officer is responsible for preparing and directing all emergency responses of the District, including supporting line fire suppression, emergency medical services and disaster preparedness response. The Training Officer oversees the training and education of District personnel. The Logistics Officer ensures that facilities, equipment and apparatus are maintained and updated. In addition, a Prevention Officer, or Captain assigned to Prevention duties, ensures that prevention services are efficient and effective, overseeing code compliance, exterior hazard abatement and public education to citizens of the District. The Finance Officer is responsible for the District's financial policies, systems and procedures, including cash management, accounting and budgeting, accounts receivable/payable, payroll, attendance, risk management and capital asset planning.

The District's philosophy with regard to fire, medical and hazardous material emergencies has been one of a rapid and effective deployment of appropriate resources to mitigate any emergency. The

District's goal is to maintain an overall response time of 8 minutes or less, 90% of the time. Under normal conditions, there are six full time professional emergency responders that can be deployed for an emergency within the boundaries of the District. In addition, the District serves as an alternate Emergency Operations Center (EOC) location for the Town of Tiburon and the City of Belvedere. The District also provides "Red Flag" staffing for pre-positioning in order to facilitate faster response to both in- and out-of-county wildfires and significant weather events.

The District staffs selected units with Firefighter/Paramedics to provide citizens with a high level of service. Currently, the District has a total of eight paramedics, staffing a paramedic at both stations 24/7. If needed, additional ambulances, paramedics or rescue services are requested through the Countywide Mutual Aid System. When a fire is reported, the three closest engines, a rescue vehicle, a medic unit and the shift Battalion Chief are assigned. For a confirmed fire, a fourth engine and another Battalion Chief are assigned to the incident and for a commercial fire, a Ladder Truck Company is added.

The County of Marin Communications Center provides dispatching services. The District's medical calls receive a "First Responder" response that includes pre-arrival instructions by highly trained dispatch personnel as the first step in the treatment process. A patient is then treated by a team including at least one paramedic, who arrives in the closest unit to the emergency. Patients are evaluated and, if necessary, transported by a paramedic-staffed ambulance. In some cases, transport via air ambulance is necessary. The District maintains close communications with several air ambulance services in the area. District personnel have been trained and are committed to their obligations under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) and its regulations known as the "Privacy Rule" for the protection of individually identifiable health information.

Under a joint powers agreement, the District participates in the Marin Emergency Radio Authority (MERA). This is a jointly shared digital emergency radio system shared by all County fire, law and public works agencies in a seamless interoperable radio system.

Through its Training Bureau, the District continually provides relevant training programs. All District Firefighters are trained EMTs (1A) and State Certified Firefighters with specialized defibrillator (AED) training. For programs such as Hazardous Materials Response (Hazmat), Emergency Medical, and Confined Space Rescue Operations, re-certification is mandated by State and/or Federal law. Other specialized training programs cover such diverse topics as Structural and Wildland Firefighting Operations, Urban Search and Rescue (USAR) skills, Disaster Preparedness, Night Drills, Emergency Operations Center Training and Auto Extrication skills using various tools and techniques.

The District's Training Bureau actively coordinates periodic training with many local agencies throughout Marin County. Classes offered to these agencies include Emergency Operations Center Training and Hazmat. The District also participates in County-maintained USAR and Hazmat response teams requiring advanced training for five District firefighters as members of the County USAR team and for one District firefighter participating in the County Hazmat team.

The District provides full-service fire prevention services and strategic community risk reduction functions. The Fire Prevention Bureau works closely with various community agencies, utility providers and builders to facilitate all construction activities in the District. The Bureau performs

inspections for state mandated occupancy code compliance, vegetation management, fire suppression systems, defensible space, smoke control and water systems to ensure those properties meet fire safety codes.

The Prevention staff visits all preschool classrooms in the District for fire safety instruction, and all kindergarten students visit the fire station for an interactive fire safety presentation. The District's public education programs extend beyond the traditional school safety programs by reaching out to the entire community with Public Safety events and Community Safety fire presentations. Public Access Defibrillators (PAD Program) are placed in seventeen community locations within the District. CPR and First Aid classes are offered several times a year, as well as Disaster Preparation courses. Get Ready, a two-hour disaster readiness course, is provided free of charge to the public. County-coordinated Community Emergency Response Team (CERT) classes are also taught by the District and community volunteers and are coordinated and activated through the Belvedere-Tiburon Emergency Services Office and the District.

Apparatus – The Tiburon Fire Protection District's fleet is made up of emergency vehicles which must always be kept in a state of readiness. Among these resources are: three Type 1 structure engines (one is a reserve unit), a medium rescue vehicle & ambulance and two Type 3 Wildland units for rural response. The District has a preventative maintenance program, and for new equipment, a purchasing committee is formed to review or write specifications, seek public bids and follow the vehicle through the build-up and delivery processes.

In addition to the maintenance program, a comprehensive vehicle replacement plan is in place to maintain a state of the art fleet. Based on frequency of use, apparatus are replaced in a timely fashion to ensure the highest levels of in-service vehicle availability.

The District's Type 1 and Type 3 engines carry Advanced Life Support (ALS) emergency medical equipment, including oxygen, defibrillator units and ALS medications. In addition, these vehicles are fully equipped to respond as needed to mitigate any emergency including fire, rescue, hazardous material spill or vehicle accident.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The District has been awarded a Public Protection Classification (PPC) Class of 1 by the Insurance Service Office (ISO), putting Tiburon Fire District among the top 0.3% of communities nationwide. A PPC Class of 1 enables commercial occupancies to qualify for lower insurance premiums and increases competition among residential insurers that may result in lower premiums.

The ISO evaluates four broad categories of fire suppression when establishing a PPC. These categories include: 1) Fire Department; 2) Emergency Communications; 3) Water Supply; and 4) Community Risk Reduction.

ISO routinely conducts assessments of each fire agency in the United States, rating agencies on a scale 1 to 10. Class 1 represents an exemplary fire suppression program, while Class 10 indicates that the area's program does not meet ISO's minimum criteria. There is a possible score of 105.5 points from the total of the four categories listed above. An agency needs a score of at least 90 to receive a PPC of Class 1; Tiburon Fire District most recently scored 100.73.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the eighth year the District has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the District must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

The Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The District believes that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and will be submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report reflects the combined and dedicated effort of District staff. We would like to take this opportunity to express our sincere appreciation to the Board of Directors for their continued support to maintain the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the District's finances.

Sincerely,

Richard Pearce

Richard Pearce, CFO, MBA Fire Chief

Heidi Rosevear

Heidi Rosevear Finance Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Tiburon Fire Protection District California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

TEK Terry E Krieg CPA Certified Public Accountant

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Tiburon Fire Protection District Tiburon, California

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Tiburon Fire Protection District, California as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Tiburon Fire Protection District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 13, the District changed its method of accounting for the joint venture arrangement with the Southern Marin Emergency Medical Paramedic System. My opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis; budgetary comparison schedule, schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of plan contributions for the District's pension plan, schedule of changes in the District's net OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedule of plan contributions for the District's OPEB plan on pages 3 to 6 and 42 to 49, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tiburon Fire Protection District's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated November 6, 2020 on my consideration of the Tiburon Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of compliance with provisions of certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Tiburon Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Terry Exrieg, CPA November 6, 2020

Santa Rosa, California

1679 Tiburon Boulevard, Tiburon, CA 94920

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND

ANALYSIS

The Management's Discussion and Analysis provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it along with the District's financial statements, which begin on page 7.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's net position increased by about \$220,000 in 2020 compared to the end of fiscal 2019 as restated. Total revenues increased by about \$194,000 and total expenses increased by \$5,405,000. The 2020 expenses are higher because in fiscal 2019 personnel expenses were reduced by a \$4.3 million actuarial credit related to pension deferred inflows, and in fiscal 2020 there was about a net \$210,000 increase in direct personnel costs and an additional \$849,000 increase in employee benefit expenses. All of the comparative 2019 financial information in the management discussion and analysis tables have been restated to reflect the application of a change in accounting principle for joint ventures and corrections to pension deferrals and other items.

Additionally, the District contributed over \$1,409,000 beyond what was required towards its pension liability.

Included in the required supplemental information section is a general fund budgetary comparison schedule. That schedule indicates that general fund revenues were \$17,000 greater than expected and general fund expenditures were \$11,000 greater than what was expected. Variance details are listed on the schedule on pages 42 and 43.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of financial statements for the District as a whole, with more detailed information about the District's general fund. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a long-term view of the District's finances (they include capital assets and long-term liabilities). The fund financial statements present a short-term view of the District's activities (they include only current assets expected to be collected in the very near future and liabilities expected to be paid in the very near future).

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

One important question asked about the District's finances is, "Is the District better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The information in the government-wide financial statements helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting (and reports depreciation on capital assets), which is similar to the basis of accounting used by most private-sector companies.

The change in net position (the difference between total assets and total liabilities) over time is one indicator of whether the District's financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one must consider other nonfinancial factors in assessing the District's health, such as changes in the economy, changes in the District's tax base and reassessed valuations to determine the overall health of the District. Changes in the District's net position (in thousands) was as follows:

					Inc	crease
	2	2020	2019		(De	crease)
Current assets	\$	6,881	\$	6,960	\$	(79)
Noncurrent assets		-		39		(39)
Net capital assets		4,286		4,548		(262)
Total assets		11,167		11,547		(380)
Deferred outflows of resources		3,636		2,733		903
Current liabilities		621		693		(72)
Noncurrent liabilities		8,681		8,187		494
Total liabilities		9,302		8,880		422
Deferred inflows of resources		1,849		1,968		(119)
Net position:						-
Net investment in capital assets		4,192		4,362		(170)
Unrestricted		(540)		(930)		390
Total net position	\$	3,652	\$	3,432	\$	220

The increase in current assets is a result normal changes in working capital. Noncurrent assets decreased because of being expensed. Current liabilities decreased due to normal changes in working capital. Noncurrent liabilities changed due to an increase in our net pension liability.

Changes in the District's revenues (in thousands) were as follows:

	2020	2	2019		crease crease)
General revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 6,546	\$	6,313	\$	232
Operating grants and contributions	26		50		(24)
Use of money and property	174		164		10
Total general revenues	6,746		6,527		219
Program revenues					
Charges for Services	1,751		1,639		112
Intergovernmental	243		475		(232)
Joint venture	285		167		118
Miscellaneous	-		23		(23)
Total program revenue	2,279	_	2,304		(25)
Total revenue	\$ 9,025	\$	8,831	\$	194

Over all, property tax revenue increased approximately 3.7%, somewhat less than the County's estimated 4.8% increase in assessed property values located within the District. The decrease in expectation was due to the remapping of a shopping center in a neighboring city. Charges for services increased due to increased finance and admin services provided to SMEMPS, as well as an incremental increase in contract charges to the City of Belvedere. Intergovernmental revenues decreased due to the District's level of participation in Out of County wildfire response, which can vary from year to year.

Changes in the District's expenses and net position (in thousands) were as follows:

					In	icrease
	2020 2019			(decrease)		
Public safety-fire protection						
Personnel	\$	7,698		\$ 2,321	\$	5,377
Material and services		726		714		12
Depreciation		374		336		38
Loss on disposition of assets		3		23		(20)
Interest		4		6		(2)
Total expenses		8,805		3,400		5,405
Less program revenues		2,279		2,304		(25)
Net expenses		6,526		1,096		5,430
General revenues		6,746		6,527		227
Change in net position		220		5,431		(5,211)
Beginning net position, as restated		3,432		(1,999)		5,431
Ending net position	\$	3,652		\$ 3,432	\$	220

Expenses that comprise the personnel category include base salaries, overtime, and benefit costs such as employee medical and retirement expenses. The \$5.3 million increase in personnel expenses was not primarily the result of increased compensation and benefits. Instead the \$4.3 million non-cash actuarial pension credit reduced personnel cost in the 2019 statement of activities with no effect on the general fund expenditures in fiscal 2019.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide a short-term view of the District's operations. They are reported using an accounting basis called modified accrual, which reports cash and other short- term assets and liabilities (receivables and payables) that will soon be converted to cash or will soon be paid with cash. As shown on page 11, the fund balance of the general fund increased by \$7,026.

General fund expenditures for salary and benefits totaled \$8,075,270 in fiscal 2020 as shown in page 11 compared to \$7,430,126 in fiscal 2019 reflecting an 8.7 percent overall increase in aggregated personnel costs. Expenditures for supplies and materials, capital assets and debt service in fiscal 2020 were \$948,254 or \$111,621 less than was expended in fiscal 2019 because of lower capital outlay spending in fiscal 2020. The general fund ended fiscal 2020 with a total fund balance of \$6,582,090. Of the ending balance, \$2,318,047 is unassigned and available for immediate use by the District in the new fiscal year. The other \$4,232,016 in fund balance has been committed or assigned by the District's Board of Director's for specific future uses as described in Note 6 to the financial statements on page 24.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Depreciation is a systematic approach to allocate the cost of capital assets over their estimated useful lives. The District's policies regarding depreciation are disclosed in Note 1 and a summary of changes in capital assets is reported in Note 3 to these financial statements on page 22.

In fiscal year 2017-18, the District entered a lease purchase agreement to acquire a new Pierce Type 1 pumper that cost approximately \$631,000. The amount financed was approximately \$381,000. Principal related to our loan in 2019-20 amounted to \$91,072. Detail information about capital financing can be found in Note 4 to these financial statements on page 23.

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

Property tax revenue remains the District's most stable revenue source. However, the exceptional increases of recent years showed signs of slowing down in 2020, and property tax estimates provided by the County for the 2021 fiscal year continue the trend of slowing down. While the local real estate market is initially defying downward expectations due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the District is aware that the greater economic instability caused by the pandemic will likely offset any unusual property tax revenue gains due to potential increases in assessed value of taxable property within the District.

The District has continued to accelerate towards fully funded retirement benefits with contributions beyond what is required whenever possible, which has resulted in significant savings in interest costs. While this goal can affect the District's net position over time, adequate resources are maintained to facilitate apparatus and equipment replacement as needed, and to maintain the high level of service to the community.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds under its stewardship.

Please address any questions about this report or requests for additional financial information to the address on our letterhead.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard Pearce

Richard Pearce, Fire Chief



TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Current assets:	Φ 6665 701
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,665,721
Receivables:	25.467
Accounts receivable	25,467
Interest	19,815
Property taxes Prepaid items	137,578 32,027
repaid items	
Total current assets	6,880,608
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land and construction-in-progress	55,515
Depreciable capital assets, net	4,230,952
Total noncurrent assets	4,286,467
Total assets	11,167,075
Deferred outflows of Resources	
OPEB related	204,998
Pension related	3,430,853
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,635,851
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,033,031
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	182,396
Accrued sick and vacation leave	328,400
Accrued interest payable	3,188
Unearned revenue	12,622
Financed purchase obligation	94,752
	621,358
Noncurrent liabilities:	·
Accrued sick and vacation leave	319,246
Net pension liability	7,594,027
Net OPEB liability	768,006
Total noncurrent liabilities	8,681,279
Total liabilities	9,302,637
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension related	1,194,579
OPEB related	653,985
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,848,564
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	4,191,715
Unrestricted (deficit)	(539,990)
Total net position	\$ 3,651,725

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

EXPENSES:	
Public safety—fire protection	
Personnel services	\$7,698,513
Material and services	725,974
Depreciation	373,625
Interest	4,441
Loss on disposition of capital assets	3,049
Total expenses	8,805,602
PROGRAM REVENUES	
Charges for services	1,750,762
Intergovernmental	243,465
Joint venture	285,000
Total program revenues	2,279,227
Net program expense	(6,526,375)
GENERAL REVENUES	
Property taxes	6,545,810
Intergovernmental-state	25,880
Use of money and property	174,504
Total general revenues	6,746,194
Increase (decrease) in net position	219,819
Net Position – beginning of year (as restated)	3,431,906
Net position – end of year	\$3,651,725

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND (GENERAL) AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,665,721
Receivables:	
Accounts	25,467
Interest	19,815
Property taxes	137,578
Prepaid items	 32,027
Total assets	\$ 6,880,608
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	\$ 63,447
Payroll liabilities	118,949
Unearned revenue	 12,622
Total Liabilities	 195,018
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred property taxes	 103,500
Total deferred inflows of resources	 103,500
FUND BALANCE	
Nonspendable – prepaid items	32,027
Committed	3,685,627
Assigned	546,389
Unassigned	 2,318,047
Total fund balance	 6,582,090
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 6,880,608

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND (GENERAL) AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

(Continued)

Reconciliation of the General Fund balance to net position of governmental activities:

Total governmental fund balance	\$ 6,582,090
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are different because:	
Property taxes receivable that are not available to pay current	
period expenditures and therefore are considered deferred	
inflows on the balance sheet	103,500
Capital assets used in the government activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	4,286,467
Some assets (liabilities) are not due and receivable (payable) in the current	
period and therefore are not reported as fund assets (liabilities)	
Capital lease obligation	(94,752)
Accrued sick and vacation leave liability	(647,646)
Accrued interest payable	(3,188)
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(5,357,753)
Net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	 (1,216,993)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,651,725

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND (GENERAL)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

REVENUES	
Property taxes	\$ 6,542,310
Intergovernmental	269,345
Use of money and property	174,504
Charges for services	1,729,497
Joint ventures	285,000
Reimbursements and miscellaneous	29,894
Total revenues	9,030,550
EXPENDITURES	
Fire Protection:	
Current:	
Salaries and benefits	8,075,270
Materials and services	716,672
Capital outlay	133,003
Debt service:	
Principal	91,072
Interest	7,507
Total expenditures	9,023,524
Excess of revenues over expenditures	7,026
Fund balance - beginning	6,575,064
Fund balance - ending	\$6,582,090

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUND (GENERAL)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(Continued)

Reconciliation of the change in fund balance- governmental fund (General) to the change in net position of governmental activities:

Net change in fund balance	\$	7,026
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, however,		
in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated		
over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital asset purchases capitalized		115,075
Depreciation expense		(373,626)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current resources		
are not reported as revenue in the fund financial statements		
Property taxes		3,500
Loss from capital asset dispositions		(3,049)
Debt principal transactions reported in the government fund statement		
of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance are not		
considered an operating activity in the statement of activities		
(but only as changes in liabilities)		
Payments to reduce capital lease obligations		91,072
Payments on accrued interest payable Expenditures reported in the modified accrual basis statement of		3,067
revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance are recognized		
in the period incurred if they are to be paid from current financial		
resources. Expenses reported in accrual basis statement of		
activities are recognized when incurred, regardless of the		
timing of the payment:		
Vacation and sick leave benefits		(83,974)
Other post-employment benefits		228,370
Pension plan benefits		232,358
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2	219,819

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Tiburon Fire Protection District (the District) is a separate governmental unit established July 7, 1941, as a special district of the State of California. The purpose of the District is to provide fire protection, emergency medical and related services to Tiburon and the surrounding area. A five-person Board of Directors elected by the citizens governs the District. The District's legal authority and responsibilities are contained in the State of California Health and Safety Code under the "Fire Protection District Law of 1987."

B. Basis of Presentation and, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District), These statements include the activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities of the District*. The District conducts no business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions whereas business-type activities would be financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function, and therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a particular program, (b) grants and contributions restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental fund. Separate statements for each fund category- governmental are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds; and the District reports the following major governmental fund:

General fund. This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except for those accounted for in other funds.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the property taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all entitlement requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes, fees and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the general fund. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital asset financing are reported as other financing sources.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

Cash and cash equivalents

The District has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with its fiscal agent.

Prepaid items

The District reports payments made in advance of receiving goods or services as prepaid items using the consumption method. Prepaid items using the consumption method are initially recorded as an asset, and recognition of an expenditure is deferred until the period in which the prepaid item is actually consumed or used.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position (continued)

Capital assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straightline basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements
 Equipment
 Hydrants
 40 years
 4 - 20 years
 50 years

Compensated absences

The District accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee.

In accordance with an agreement with the Tiburon Employees' Association, the District is obligated to provide the following compensated absence benefits:

<u>Sick leave</u> Shift employees of the District earn sick leave at 12 hours per month (one-half shift) and may accumulate up to 1,440 hours. Day employees earn 8 hours per month and may accumulate up to 1,040 hours. Each January, the District pays each employee his or her hourly base rate times 75% of unused sick leave hours exceeding 1,440 hours (1,040 hours for day employees). If an employee requests, the District will contribute 100% of all unused sick leave hours exceeding the maximum into an established deferred compensation plan. Upon retirement, if the employee has 20-years of service or is over age 50, the District will pay 50% of all unused sick leave hours in two installments: 25% at retirement and 25% one year later.

<u>Vacations</u> Shift personnel earn vacation shifts at a rate of 10 to 16 shifts per year, depending on length of service. Day employees earn vacation time off of 120 to 224 hours per year, depending on length of service. Vacations may be accumulated and carried forward from year to year subject to a maximum two years' allowance. Excess accumulations for management personnel, due to schedules and workloads, may take place with the approval of the Fire Chief and the Board of Directors.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position (continued)

Compensated absences (continued)

Compensatory time-off Day employees may accumulate compensatory time instead of extra duty pay, computed at the rate of one and one-half times the number of compensable hours worked. Accumulated compensatory time is limited to employee's normal hours worked per week as stated in the Association's and Management Group's memoranda of understanding. Time in excess of this amount is paid at the one and one half times employee's regular rate of pay.

Property taxes

The County of Marin levies taxes and places liens on real property as of January 1 on behalf of the District. Secured property taxes are due the following November 1 and March 1 and become delinquent April 10 and December 10, for the first and second installments, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are levied throughout the year.

As provided by the California Revenue and Taxation Code, the County of Marin advances the District its share of the annual gross levy of secured property taxes and special assessments. In consideration, the District gives the County of Marin its rights to penalties and interest on delinquent property tax receivables and actual proceeds collected.

When deemed necessary, special fire tax charges are assessed by the District Board of Directors before September 1 and adopted by resolution. These special tax charges are incorporated on property tax bills and therefore are attached as an enforceable lien on real property located within the District. The last special fire tax occurred during the 2005-06 fiscal year.

Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Governmental accounting principles provide that fund balance is reported in four components – nonspendable, committed, assigned and unassigned. The Fire Chief is authorized as the designee to assign amounts to a specific purpose. The District's policy is that committed and assigned fund balances are considered to have been spent first before unassigned fund balances are spent.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position (continued)

Fund balance (continued)

Nonspendable – This component includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Committed – This component consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes under constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority which is a resolution of Board of Directors. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (a resolution) it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors, Fire Chief or their designee as established in the District's fund balance policy.

Unassigned – This classification represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

Net Position

When expenses are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the District's policy is to first apply the expense to restricted net position.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the California Public Employees Retirement System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position (continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense information about the fiduciary net position of the District Retiree Benefits Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms.

Fair Value Measurements

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, sets forth the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the District has the ability to access.

Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The investments in an external investment pool are not subject to reporting within the hierarchy.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position (continued)

Use of Estimates

The basic financial statements have been prepared in conformity to generally accepted accounting principles and therefore include amounts based on informed estimates and judgments of management. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District maintains most of its cash in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and the California Asset Management Program (CAMP) for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through pooled investment activities. These funds are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company but are required to invest according to the California State Code. Participants in the pool include voluntary and involuntary participants, such as special districts and school districts for which there are legal provisions regarding their investments. The Local Investment Advisory Board (LIAB) has oversight duty for LAIF, and CAMP. The LIAB consists of four members as designated by State Statute.

On June 30, 2020, the District's pooled investment position in LAIF and CAMP was \$5,375,015 and \$1,269,600 accordingly, which approximates fair value and is the same value of pooled shares. Fair value is based on information provided by the State for LAIF and CAMP. The balances are available for withdrawal on demand and are based on accounting records maintained by LAIF and CAMP, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Liquidity fees are not charged.

The LAIF pooled investments are not subject to reporting within the hierarchy as described in GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

INTEREST RATE RISK

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy limits the District's investment portfolio to maturities prescribed in Sections 53600 through 53609 of the California Government Code, which states that the District shall act with care, skill, prudence and diligence pursuant to the general economic conditions and anticipated needs of the agency. The District shall prioritize the safeguarding of principal and acquire only investments that are legal investments in the State of California. At June 30, 2020, the LAIF interest rate was 1.22% and CAMP was .51%

CREDIT RISK

State law limits investments in various securities to a certain level of risk ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. It is the District's policy to comply with State law regarding security ratings. The State Investment Pool was unrated.

CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the concentration of the District's investment in a single issuer.

Following is a summary of the concentration of credit risk by investment type of LAIF and CAMP a as a percentage of fair value at June 30, 2020.

	Local Agency Investment Fund Investment Pool
II C. Traccourry Dilla/String	24%
U.S, Treasury Bills/Strips U.S. Treasury Binds Notes	24% 29%
Agency Discount Notes	16%
Certificates of Deposit	13%
Other	10%
Commercial paper	
Totals	100%

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

	Percent of
	Portfolio
CAMP Investments in Investment Pool	
Government Agency and Instrumentality	
Obligations	33%
Corporate Notes	5%
Commercial paper	22%
Certificates of Deposits	30%
Repurchase Agreements	2%
Other	8%
	100%

CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

For deposits, custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy for deposits is that they be insured by the FDIC. The District maintains cash in bank accounts, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. Bank accounts are guaranteed by the FDIC up to \$250,000. The District has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash. Institutions in California holding deposits from public agencies are required to collateralize the deposits with securities held by an third party agent and having a market value equal to at least 110 % of the public funds held by the institution.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the District would not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the District's name, and held by the counterparty. The District's investment securities are not exposed to custodial credit risk because all of the securities are held by the District's custodial bank in the District's name.

BALANCES

Cash and cash equivalents consists of the following

Cash with CAMP	\$1,269,600
Cash with LAIF	5,378,015
Cash with banks	18,106
Total	\$6,665,721

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance 6/30/2020
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land	\$47,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$47,000
Construction in process:					
Apparatus under construction	703,322			(703,322)	-
Building improvements	6,065	2,450			8,515
Total non-depreciable assets	756,387	2,450		(703,322)	55,515
Depreciable capital assets					
Buildings and improvements	3,717,244				3,717,244
Fire apparatus	3,185,125	41,311		703,322	3,929,758
Siren Notification Alerting					
Peninsula (SNAP)	27,009	3,699			30,708
Hydrants	247,489				247,489
Equipment	695,208	55,479	(32,799)		717,888
Office equipment	78,708	12,136	(11,994)		78,850
Total depreciable capital assets	7,950,783	112,625	(44,793)	703,322	8,721,937
Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings and improvements	(2,257,314)	(99,129)			(2,356,443)
Fire apparatus	(1,357,012)	(186,317)			(1,543,329)
SNAP	(9,702)	(1,536)			(11,238)
Hydrants	(156,967)	(2,439)			(159,406)
Equipment	(339,271)	(69,656)	32,105		(376,822)
Office equipment	(38,836)	(14,550)	9,639		(43,747)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,159,102)	(373,627)	41,744		(4,490,985)
Net depreciable capital assets	3,791,681	(261,002)	(3,049)	703,322	4,230,952
Total capital assets	\$4,548,068	\$(258,552)	\$(3,049)	\$ -	\$4,286,467

4. FINANCED PURCHASE OBLIGATION

In March 2018, the District entered into a direct borrowing arrangement with PNC Equipment Finance, LLC to acquire a Pierce 2018 Type 1 pumper.

Following is a summary of the District's capital financing obligation:

	20	18 Pierce
	Type	e 1 Pumper
Date of direct borrowing	Ma	arch 2018
Annual payment year 1	\$	202,000
Annual payment years 2 and 3	\$	98,579
Number of payments		3
Effective interest rate		4.20%
Cost of equipment	\$	631,365
Accumulated amortization as of June 30, 2020	\$	35,163

Changes in capital financing obligations during the year was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance Ending	Due in One Year
Direct borrowing: Financed purchase	\$ 185,824	\$ -	\$ 91,072	\$ 94,752	\$ 94,752
Total	\$ 185,824	\$ -	\$ 91,072	\$ 94,752	\$ 94,752

Future payments on this direct borrowing consist of the one remaining payment due in fiscal 2021 of \$94,752 in principal and \$3,827 in interest. The underlying equipment secures the direct borrowing. In the event of a default, the Lessor has several options including taking possession of and selling the equipment subject to the lease.

5. ACCRUED SICK LEAVE AND VACATION LEAVE

Accrued sick leave and vacation leave are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not considered liabilities of the general fund in the fund financial statements. The government-wide statement of net position records the liability, segregating the amount expected to be paid within one year as a current liability.

	Sick Leave	Vacation
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$210,061	\$353,612
Increases during the year	52,356	304,445
Decreases during the year Balance, June 30, 2020	(95,981) 166,436	(176,847) 481,210
Balance, June 30, 2020	100,430	461,210
Less amounts due within 1 year	(69,153)	(259,247)
Amounts due after 1 year	\$97,283	\$221,963

6. FUND BALANCE

The District's fund balance is reported in classifications as described in Note 1.

The \$32,027 non-spendable fund balance represents prepaid items.

The following are committed and assigned fund balances as of the balance sheet date:

	<u>Committed</u>	<u>Assigned</u>
Fire facilities and buildings	\$ 1,100,000	\$ -
Apparatus replacement	951,383	
PERS retirement	846,500	
OPEB retiree medical unfunded liability	787,744	
Equipment replacement		234,249
Management information system replacement		20,689
Leasehold improvements		9,614
Accrued compensated absences		281,837
Totals	\$ 3,685,627	<u>\$ 546,389</u>

7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. This plan, available to all District employees, permits employees to defer a portion of their current salary until future years. Additionally, the District contributed approximately \$170,090 to the employees' accounts during 2019-2020

The laws governing deferred compensation plan assets to be held in a trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants and their beneficiaries. Since the assets held under these plans are not the District's property, are not managed by the District and are not subject to claims by general creditors of the District, they have been excluded from these financial statements.

8. PENSION PLAN

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PLAN

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The District contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. CalPERS' issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

BENEFITS PROVIDED

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. Following is a summary of the Plan's major benefits:

				PEPRA
		PEPRA	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous
	Safety Plan	Safety Plan	Plan	Plan
Benefit: Percent of compensation				
per year of service	3.00%	2.70%	2.70%	2.00%
Retirement age	55	57	55	62
Final average compensation period	One year	Three years	One year	Three years
Sick leave credit	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Non-industrial disability	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard
Industrial disability	Yes	Yes	No	No
COLA increase limit	2%	2%	2%	2%

8. PENSION PLAN (continued)

CONTRIBUTIONS

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. For public agency cost-sharing plans covered by either Safety or Miscellaneous risk pools, the Plan's actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plan's allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. During fiscal year 2019-2020, the District contributed approximately \$691,139 toward the normal cost portion of employer annual required contributions and \$1,049,500 toward its unfunded accrued liability. For fiscal 2019-2020, the District was required to pay \$444,645 toward the unfunded actuarial liability and the following percentages of covered compensation to provide for the normal cost (i.e., the amount earned during the year):

	Safety	Miscellaneous
Classic employees: employee rate	8.984%	7.9520%
Classic employees: employer rate	18.677%	12.212%
PEPRA employees: employee rate	12.000%	6.250%
PEPRA employees: employer rate	12.410%	6.842%

PENSION LIABILITIES, PENSION EXPENSE, AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

The District's proportionate share of the total CalPERS net pension liability at June 30, 2020, was:

Safety Plan	\$7,485,828
Miscellaneous Plan	108,199
Net pension Liability	\$7,594,027

8. PENSION PLAN (continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation report as of that date. The actuarial valuation report relies on liabilities and related validation work performed by the CalPERS Actuarial Office as part of the June 30, 2018, annual funding valuation. The June 30, 2018, liabilities, which were rolled forward to June 30, 2019, and used for the actuarial valuation, are based on actuarial assumptions adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating agencies, actuarially determined. On the June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .11992% (a .0014% increase from fiscal 2019) for the Safety Plan and 0.00270% for the Miscellaneous Plan. Actuarial assumptions remained the same as in the previous valuation.

The District recognized a net actuarial pension expense of \$1,622,926 in fiscal 2020.

On June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Changes of assumptions	\$	311,990	\$	61,707
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement				
of the total pension liability		496,272		582
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		-		104,872
Differences between employer's contributions and proportionate share				
of contributions		1,656		889,115
Change in the employer's proportion of the net pension liability		435,651		138,303
Pension contributions made subsequent				
to the measurement date		2,185,284		
Totals	\$	3,430,853	\$	1,194,579

8. PENSION PLAN (continued)

District contributions made after the June 30, 2019, pension measurement date of \$2,185,284 are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
\$(4,938)	\$207,178	\$202,240
6,051	(153,783)	(147,732)
8,988	(32,926)	(23,938)
383	20,037	20,420
-	-	-
-	-	-
\$10,484	\$40,506	\$50,990
	\$(4,938) 6,051 8,988 383	\$(4,938) \$207,178 6,051 (153,783) 8,988 (32,926) 383 20,037

8. PENSION PLAN (continued)

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2019, measurement period was determined by an actuarial evaluation as of June 30, 2018, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2019. The collective total pension was based on the following assumptions:

	Entry	age	normal	in	accordance	with	the
Actuarial cost method	require	ement	s of GAE	Sta	tement No. 6	8.	

Actuarial assumptions

Discount rate 7.15% Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Investment rate of return 7.15% net of pension plan investment and

administrative expenses, including inflation

Mortality rate table* Derived using CalPERS membership data for all

funds

Post retirement benefit increase Contract COLA using 2.5% until purchasing

power protection allowance floor on purchasing

power applies.

^{*} The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on Cal PERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website

8. PENSION PLAN (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed		
	asset	Real return	Real return
Asset class:	allocation	years 1-10	years 11+
Global equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	<u> 1.00%</u>	0.00%	-0.92%
	<u>100.00%</u>		

Years 1-10 utilize expected inflation of 2.00%

Years 11 + utilize expected inflation of 2.92%

8. PENSION PLAN (continued)

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	One Percent Decrease (6.15%)	Current discount rate (7.15%)	One Percent Increase (8.15%)
Employer's net pension liability-safety	\$13,170,537	\$7,485,828	\$2,825,258
Employer's net pension liability- miscellaneous	426,046	108,199	(154,162)
Total employer net pension liability	\$13,596,583	\$7,594,027	\$2,671,096

PENSION PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Plan financial statements.

PAYABLES TO THE PENSION PLAN

Included in accounts payable and accrued expenses reported on the statement of net position and balance sheet is approximately \$91,485 owed to CalPERS for June 2020 employer pension contributions.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The District's defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan, the Tiburon Fire Protection District Retiree Health Plan (the Plan), provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retired District employees and their beneficiaries. The Plan is affiliated with California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) Fund, an agent multiple-employer post- employment healthcare plan administered by CalPERS. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial information for CERBT that can be obtained at

https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/gasb-75-schedule-changes-fiduciary-net-position-2019.pdf

BENEFITS PROVIDED

Eligibility to retiree health benefits requires retirement from the District on or after age 50 with at least five years of CalPERS service.

Eligible employees who were hired before March 1, 2005 receive 100% of medical premium coverage. Spouse and dependent coverage is available.

Eligible employees who were hired after March 1, 2005, receive a vested share of the medical premium. Vesting starts at 50% for 10 years of service and increases 5% per additional year of service to a maximum of 100% with 20 years of service. Retirees with 5-

10 years of service receive the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA) minimum.

EMPLOYEES COVERED BY BENEFIT TERMS

At June 30, 2019 (census date), membership consisted of the following:

Active employees	33
Inactive employees, spouses, or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefit payments	37
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet	
receiving benefit payments	
Total	70

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

CONTRIBUTIONS

The District make contributions based on an actuarially determined rate.

NET OPEB LIABILITY

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to June 30, 2020.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation: 2.50%

Salary increases: 2.75%. Additional merit-based increases based on

CalPERS merit salary increase tables.

Investment rate of return: 7.67%

Healthcare cost trend rates: 6.00% in the first year, trending down to 3.84% over 54

years.

Mortality rates Based on CalPERS tables.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	Target Allocation	Long - term Expected real Rate of return
Global equity	57%	8.71%
Fixed income	27%	5.40%
TIPS	5%	5.25%
Commodities	3%	7.95%
REITS	8%	10.88%
Total	100%	

The expected long-term rate of return is provided by CalPERS' Strategic Asset Allocation Overview in August 2014-strategy 1.

DISCOUNT RATE

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 7.67%. This is the expected long-term rate of return on District assets using *Investment Strategy 1* within the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is projected to cover all future OPEB payments. Therefore, the discount rate was set equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from 7.59 % to 7.67 %.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

CHANGES IN THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

	Increases (Decreases)			
	Plan			
	Total OPEB	Fiduciary Net	Net OPEB	
	Liability	Position	liability	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ 5,703,163	\$ 4,915,419	\$ 787,744	
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	243,225		243,225	
Interest on the total OPEB liability	439,150		439,150	
Change in benefit terms	-		-	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	8,680		8,680	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(59,955)		(59,955)	
Contributions:	, , ,		,	
Employer - District's contribution		399,848	(399,848)	
Employer - Implicit subsidy		81,131	(81,131)	
Employee		-	-	
Net investment income		172,321	(172,321)	
Benefit payments, including refunds			_	
of employee contributions	(239,848)	(239,848)	-	
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled	(81,131)	(81,131)	-	
Administrative expenses		(2,462)	2,462	
Net changes	310,121	329,859	(19,738)	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 6,013,284	\$ 5,245,278	\$ 768,006	

Changes in assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 7.59% to 7.67% and healthcare trend rates.

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE DISCOUNT RATE

The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (- 6.67%) or one percentage point higher (8.67%) follows:

	1% decrease	Discount rate	1% increase	
	(6.67%)	(7.67%)	(8.67%)	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$1,489,564	\$768,006	\$166,016	

SENSITIVITY OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TO CHANGES IN THE HEALTHCARE COST TREND RATES

	1% decrease 5.00%	Trend rate 6.00%	1% increase 7.00%
	decreasing to 2.84%	decreasing to 3.84%	decreasing to 4.84%
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$45,405	\$ 768,006	\$ 1,652,569

OPEB EXPENSE AND DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of approximately \$252,611. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred	Deferred	
Outflows of	Inflows of	
Resources	Resources	
Differences between actual and expected experience \$ 11,800 \$	\$ (113,348)	
Changes of assumptions	(540,637)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on OPEB plan investments 193,198		
Total \$ 204,998 \$	\$ (653,985)	

9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Amount
2021	\$ (54,967)
2022	(54,965)
2023	(51,311)
2024	(63,499)
2025	(92,199)
Thereafter	(132,046)
	¢ (440,007)
	\$ (448,987)

10. ARTICLE XIII OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION

The Constitution of the State of California allows local governments to increase appropriations annually by the rate of population increase and the rate of inflation (determined to be the lesser of the U.S. Consumer Price index or California per capita income). As provided by California Statute, the voters of the District voted by more than the two-thirds majority required, to increase the appropriations limit to the actual amount of taxes collected.

The District's appropriations were greater than the limitation as follows:

Amount under (over) the appropriations limit	\$ 168,029
as of June 30, 2020	5,245,774
Appropriations limit as of June 30, 2020 Total annual appropriations subject to the limit	\$ 5,413,803

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District obtains insurance coverage.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, those entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including the selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on that board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the District's responsibility.

Fire Agencies Insurance Risk Authority

The District is insured for Comprehensive Liability coverage as a member of the Fire Agencies Insurance Risk Authority (the Authority). The Authority is a public agency risk pool created under a joint powers agreement between the numerous member fire agencies. The Authority manages one pool for all member agencies. Each member pays an annual premium to the system based on numerous factors including the number of personnel, and the types and values of assets held. Each member is insured for \$10,000,000 and may elect to purchase umbrella coverage up to an additional \$10,000,000. The Authority is not a component entity of the District for purposes of GASB Statement No. 14.

Fire Districts Association of California – Fire Association Self Insurance System

Effective September 1993, the District became self-insured for Workers' Compensation coverage as a member of the Fire Districts Association of California – Fire Association Self-Insurance System (the System). The System is a public agency risk pool created under a joint powers agreement between the numerous member fire agencies. The System manages one pool for all member agencies. Each member pays an annual premium to the system based on the number of personnel, an estimated dollar amount of payroll and an experience factor. At fiscal year-end, when actual payroll expenditures are available, an adjustment to the year's annual premium is made. The System reinsures through the Local Agency Excess Workers' Compensation Authority (LAWCX), a joint powers authority, for claims in excess of \$750,000 for each insured event. The System is not a component entity of the District for purposes of GASB Statement No. 14.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The System is authorized under the agreement with its members to charge special assessments to its members.

12. JOINT VENTURES

Southern Marin Emergency Medical Paramedic System

The District participates in a joint powers agreement (JPA) through the Southern Marin Emergency Medical Paramedic System (SMEMPS). SMEMPS was formed to provide emergency medical paramedic care within southern Marin County. SMEMPS is governed by representatives from one city, two fire protection districts and the County. The City of Mill Valley maintained the accounting records for SMEMPS and served as their fiscal agent until March of 2020. The Tiburon Fire Protection District in March of 2020 temporarily assumed responsibility for maintaining the accounting records and serving as the fiscal agent for the SMEMPS until such time as the SMEMPS is able to employ its own Finance Officer. Obligations and liabilities of this JPA are not the District's responsibility. The District does not have an equity interest in this joint venture except upon dissolution of the joint venture.

Each year SMEMPS makes distributions to members of available cash for the purpose of reimbursing members for their costs of providing services under the agreement. Such reimbursements are determined by the SMEMPS Board. The District's share of annual reimbursements is 19%. During fiscal 2020, the District received \$285,000 from SMEMPS as its share of the fiscal 2019 reimbursements. The District's share of the fiscal year 2019-2020 SMEMPS distribution of \$235,949 was scheduled to be received after year-end. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized \$36,795 in revenue for maintenance of the SMEMPS accounting records and for serving as the venture's fiscal agent.

The financial statements of SMEMPS are available at their interim office, which is located at 1679 Tiburon Boulevard, Tiburon, California 94920. Condensed financial information for SMEMPS is presented below for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Total assets	\$ 8,900,917
Total liabilities	1,929,534
Net position	\$6,971,383
Total revenues Total expenses	\$3,740,838 2,700,876
Increase in net position	\$1,039,962

12. JOINT VENTURES (continued)

Marin Emergency Radio Authority

Additionally, the District entered into a JPA in February 1998, establishing the Marin Emergency Radio Authority (the Authority). The Authority is responsible for acquiring, construct, and improve a countywide emergency radio system. During the year ended June 30, 1999, the Authority issued Revenue Bonds to be used for the acquisition of the radio system. Of the \$27 million in Revenue Bonds, the District's share was 1.09%, or approximately \$294,000. Each year through August 2020, approximately \$23,000 annual debt services payments will be due to the Authority. Including interest and principal, it is anticipated the District's total obligation over 20 years will be approximately \$454,000. In addition to making payments toward debt service, the District pays the Authority for operations and maintenance of MERA.

The financial statements of the Authority are available at the Novato Fire Protection District, 95 Rowland Way, Novato, CA 94945. Condensed financial information for the Authority is presented below for the year ended June 30, 2019, the latest information available:

Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$54,649,186
Total liabilities	40,601,171
Net position	\$14,048,015
Total revenues	\$8,832,796
Total expenses	3,431,558
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$5,401,238

13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The District in fiscal 2020, reevaluated the use of the equity method of accounting for its joint venture with the Southern Marin Emergency Paramedical System (SMEMPS) and determined that the District did not have an equity interest. The District in fiscal 2020 identified an error made in pension deferred outflows of resources related primarily to the inclusion of employer paid member contributions in the deferred amounts.

The effect of the change from accounting for the joint venture with an equity interest to a joint venture with no equity interest and the corrections was as follows:

13. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (Continued)

District net position, June 30, 2019 as	
originally reported:	\$5,127,982
Correction to pension plan deferred outflows of resources	(274,253)
Correction to accrued interest payable	(6,255)
Change to report the joint venture with the	(0,233)
SMEMPS as a joint venture with no equity interest	(1,415,568)
District net position June 30, 2019, as restated	\$3,431,906

14. CONTINGENCIES

In December 2019, a novel strain of the coronavirus was reported in Wuhan, China. The World Health Organization has declared the outbreak to constitute a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern". The COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting supply chains and affecting production and sales across a range of industries. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on our operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on our constituents, employees, other governmental funding agencies, and vendors all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point in time, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact our financial condition or results of operations is uncertain.

15. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In July 2020, the District entered into an agreement with the State of California to provide emergency medical response services to the Angel Island State Park which includes ambulatory services from Angel Island to the mainland. The service agreement provides that the District shall be paid \$40,000 a year increasing 3 percent per year for a period of 20 year. As part of the agreement, the District is to provide an ambulance on Angel Island, and the State shall provide up to \$30,000 to the District for the purpose of equipping the ambulance.



TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

REVENUES	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance Positive (Negative)
Property taxes current secured	\$ 6,501,818	\$ 6,568,297	\$ 6,542,310	\$ (25,987)
Intergovernmental	484,867	269,072	269,345	273
Interest	139,778	112,054	138,490	26,436
Verizon cell site	24,199	24,199	36,014	11,815
Belvedere contract	1,687,865	1,687,865	1,681,248	(6,617)
SMEMPS	170,577	285,000	285,000	-
Fees	17,289	11,267	11,455	188
Reimbursements/miscellaneous	17,560	55,479	66,688	11,209
Total revenues	9,043,953	9,013,233	9,030,550	17,317

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Positive
Expenditures Salaries and Benefits:	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
	¢2 070 575	¢2 000 500	¢2 005 275	¢ 4.222
Base wages	\$2,978,575	\$2,989,508	\$2,985,275	\$ 4,233
Salary contingency	50,000	70,000	12,900	57,100
Trainee positions	380,248	300,987	300,729	258
Overtime	522,744	304,488	324,509	(20,021)
Other salary	498,188	408,141	380,642	27,499
PERS retirement	936,362	925,603	925,947	(344)
PERS retirement UAL required & additional	445,002	1,419,145	1,494,145	(75,000)
CERBT funding	192,000	160,000	160,000	-
CEPPT funding	276,741	309,000	359,000	(50,000)
Workers compensation insurance	214,508	217,814	217,814	-
Deferred compensation	158,910	159,919	160,039	(120)
Health, dental, vision, life insurance	770,561	689,859	701,036	(11,177)
Taxes	59,333	52,304	53,233	(929)
Total Salaries and benefits	7,483,171	8,006,768	8,075,269	(68,501)
Services and supplies:				
Utilities	32,350	35,334	37,206	(1,872)
Communications	164,480	162,689	161,509	1,180
Professional services	230,420	155,060	156,900	(1,840)
Fire prevention & public education	13,000	10,850	10,879	(29)
Insurance	22,734	19,361	19,361	-
Office maintenance	74,200	61,500	61,345	155
Station supplies and maintenance	88,200	88,185	73,207	14,978
Protective gear and uniforms	55,000	48,785	53,545	(4,760)
Training	51,900	26,750	22,518	4,232
Fuel and oil	29,900	30,627	27,321	3,306
Apparatus and maintenance	36,500	41,500	29,846	11,654
Fireboat maintenance	40,000	46,015	48,779	(2,764)
Directors	16,001	14,257	14,257	(=,, 0.)
Election	300		-	
Total services and supplies	854,985	740,913	716,673	24,240
Capital outlay:	·			
Station upgrades and equipment	305,000	35,000	23,886	11,114
Emergency response equipment	108,000	74,811	55,479	19,322
Apparatus including lease principal	91,072	132,383	132,383	- ,
Miscellaneous equipment	12,000	15,000	12,327	2,673
Total capital outlay	516,072	257,194	224,075	33,119
Debt service - interest	7,507	7,507	7,507	
Total expenditures	8,861,735	9,012,382	9,023,524	(11,142)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 182,218	\$ 851	\$ 7,026	\$ 6,175

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CalPERS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Safety Plan- Measurement Year	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability-PERF C	0.07305%	0.07214%	0.07397%	0.7674%	0.107337%	0.09614%
Proportionate share of total pension liability	\$41,481,088	\$ 40,102,452	\$38,172,709	\$34,437,466	\$32,857,567	\$32,196,244
Proportionate share of fiduciary net position	33,995,260	33,150,853	30,836,754	27,797,029	27,821,478	26,213,745
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$7,485,828	\$ 6,951,599	\$ 7,335,955	\$ 6,640,437	\$ 5,036,089	\$ 5,982,499
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total pension liability	81.95%	82.67%	80.78%	80.72%	84.67%	81.42%
Covered payroll	\$3,338,597	\$ 2,753,572	\$ 2,582,4605	\$2.982,259	\$ 2,710,370	\$ 2,922,500
Netpension liability as a percent of covered payroll	224.22%	252.465%	284.07%	222.66%	185.81%	204.70%
Miscellaneous Plan – Measurement Year	<u>6/30/2019</u>	<u>6/30/2018</u>	<u>6/30/2017</u>	<u>6/30/2016</u>	<u>6/30/2015</u>	6/30/2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability-PERF C	0.00106%	0.00064%	0.00162%	0.00148%	0.00285%	0.00536%
Proportionate share of total pension liability	\$2,363,123	\$2,260,036	\$2,226,300	\$ 2,068,900	\$1,982,911	\$ 1,964,457
Proportionate share of fiduciary net position	2,254,924	<u>2,198,00</u> 9	2,065,947	<u>1,941,102</u>	1,786,950	1,631,064
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 108,199	\$ 62,028	\$ 160,353	\$ 127,798	\$ 195,961	\$ 333,393
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total pension liability	95.42%	97.26%	92.80%	93.8229%	90.12%	83.03%
Covered payroll	\$ 234,183	\$ 227,129	\$ 208,359	\$ 192,333	\$ 174,671	\$ 150,450
Netpension liability as a percent of covered payroll	46.20%	27.31%	76.96%	66.45%	112.19%	221.60%

The schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE DISTRICT'S PENSION PLAN

Safety Plan	2019-2020	2018- 2019	2017- 2018	2016- 2017	2015- 2016	2014- 2015	2013- 2014
Actuarially required contribution	\$1,076,401	\$855,619	\$758,617	\$698,670	\$655,238	\$620,460	\$631,791
Contributions in relation to the actuarially							
Determined contribution	(1,076,401	-855,619	(758,6170	-698,670	-655,238	-620,460	-631,791
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 	\$ -
District covered payroll Contributions as a percentage	\$3,688,680	\$3,338,597	\$2,753,522	\$2,582,460	\$2,982,259	\$2,710,370	\$2,922,500
of covered payroll	29.18%	25.63%	27.55%	27.05%	21.97%	22.89%	21.62%
Miscellaneous Plan	2019-2020	2018- 2019	2017- 2018	2016- 2017	2015- 2016	2014- 2015	2013- 2014
Actuarially required contribution	\$59,384	\$95,683	\$22,980	\$20,211	\$21,735	\$24,463	\$23,558
Contributions in relation to the actuarially							
Determined contribution	-59,384	-95,683	-22,980	-20,211	-21,735	-24,463	-23,558
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District covered payroll Contributions as a percentage	\$244,276	\$234,183	\$227,129	\$208,359	\$192,333	\$174,671	\$150,450
of covered payroll	24.31%	40.86%	9.98%	11.30%	9.58%	14.01%	15.66%

The schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

_	Pe	surement eriod 0/2020	P	surement deriod 0/2019		Period 30/2018	Measurement Period 6/30/2017	
Total OPEB liability			Φ.	100.66	_		_	
Service cost	\$	243,225	\$	198,667	\$	205,376	\$	199,394
Interest		439,150		414,097		411,764		390,385
Changes in benefit terms		-		- (1.40.226)		-		-
Differences between expected		8,680		(148,226)		6,968		-
and actual experience Changes in assumptions		(59,955)		(514,604)		(158,458)		
Benefit payments		(239,848)		(243,049)		(234,954)		(198,454)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		(81,131)		(90,445)		(76,161)		(71,179)
Net change in total OPEB liability		310,121		(383,560)		154,535		320,146
Total OPEB liability - beginning		5,703,163		6,086,723		5,932,188		5,612,042
Total Of EB hability - beginning		3,703,103		0,000,723		3,932,100		3,012,042
Total OPEB liability - end (a)	\$	6,013,284	\$	5,703,163	\$	6,086,723	\$	5,932,188
Plan fiduciary net position								
Net investment income	\$	172,321	\$	254,279	\$	252,767	\$	263,245
Contributions:		,				,		,
Employer - district's contribution		399,848		1,225,049		539,954		727,702
Employer - implicit subsidy		81,131		90,445		76,161		71,179
Employee		-		-		-		, -
Benefit payments		(239,848)		(243,049)		(234,954)		(198,454)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfilled		(81,131)		(90,445)		(76,161)		(71,179)
Administrative expense		(2,462)	(1,881)		(1,684)			(1,276)
Other		_		-		-		-
Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		329,859		1,234,398		556,083		791,217
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning		4,915,419		3,681,021		3,124,938		2,333,721
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - end (b)		\$5,245,278	\$	4,915,419	\$	3,681,021	\$	3,124,938
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	768,006	\$	787,744	\$	2,405,702	\$	2,807,250
_		<u> </u>						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								
OPEB liability		87.23%		86.19%		60.48%		52.68%
Covered-employee payroll		2,669,792		\$2,598,338	\$	\$2,670,803	\$	2,599,322
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		28.77%		30.32%		90.07%		108.00%

The schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 SCHEDULE OF PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE DISTRICT'S OPEB PLAN

	Measurement Period 6/30/2020	Measurement Period 6/30/2019	Measurement Period 6/30/2018	Measurement Period 6/30/2017
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC) Contributions in relation to	\$ 385,366	\$ 437,135	\$ 465,770	\$ 760,836
Actuarially ADC	(480,979)	(1,315,494)	(616,115)	(798,881)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (95,613)	\$ (878,359)	\$ 150,345)	\$ (38,045)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,669,792	\$ 2,598,338	\$ 2,670,803	\$ \$2,599,322
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of ADC	18.02%	50.63%	23.0%	30.73%
actuarially determined contribution	124.81%	300.94%	132.28%	105.00%

The schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1. BUDGETARY BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The budget included in these financial statements represents the original budget and amendments approved by the Board of Directors. The budgetary basis is the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Various reclassifications have been made to the actual amounts to conform to classifications included in the budget approved by the Board of Directors. The largest reclassification relates to lease payments that are classified as capital outlay for budgetary reporting purposes.

2. NET PENSION LIABILITY, PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS, AND ANNUAL MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN ON PENSION PLAN INVESTMENTS

Changes in benefit terms: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2018, valuation date

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for fiscal year 2019-2020 were derived from the June 30, 2018, valuation report.

Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal in accordance with GASB 68

Actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Investment rate of return 7.6% net of investment and admin expense; includes inflation

Mortality rate table* Derived using CalPERS membership data for all funds Contract COLA up to 2.5% until purchasing power

Protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies

Information on the annual money-weighted rate of return on the PERF-C pension plan investments is available at www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/cafr-2019.pdf

^{*} The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 experience study report (based on Cal PERS demographic data from 1997 to 2015) that can be found on the CalPERS website.

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

3. POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Assumptions and methods

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal, level percent of pay Amortization method Close period, level percent of pay

Amortization period 16 years Inflation 2.50% Assumed payroll growth 2.75%

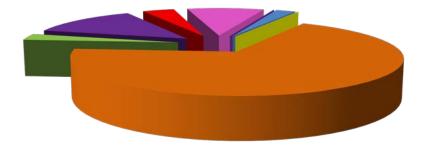
Healthcare trend rates 6.50%, trending down to

3.84% Rate of return on assets 7.67%

Mortality rate CalPERS rates
Retirement rates CalPERS rates

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

STATISTICAL SECTION



Statistical Section Information

This part of the District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health. The detailed schedules presented in the Statistical Section are grouped into five sections pertaining to financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic and economic information and operating information. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position by Component
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 5. Expenditures by Function

Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, property tax:

- 1. General Revenues by Source
- 2. Assessed Value of Taxable Property
- 3. Secured Assessed Valuation
- 4. Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 5. Property Tax Levies and Collections
- 6. Property Tax Rates, All Overlapping Governments
- 7. Principal Property Taxpayers

Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 2. Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 3. Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin

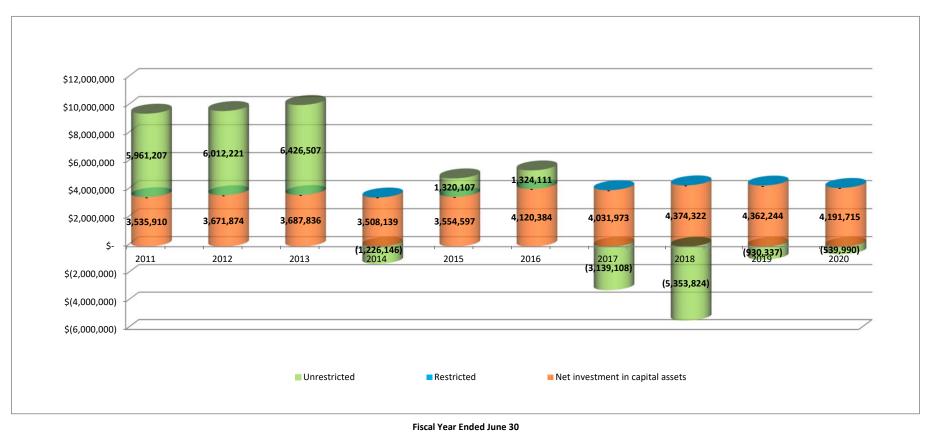
Demographic and Economic Information – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic Statistics
- 2. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 3. Principal Employers

Operating Information – These schedules contain data to help the reader understand how the information in the financial reports relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Summary of District Activities
- 2. Apparatus Inventory
- 3. Full and Part-time Employees by Function
- 4. Annual Total Emergency Responses
- 5. Emergency Responses by Incident Type
- 6. Emergency Response Detail Analysis
- 7. Average Incident Response Time by Incident Type District Only
- 8. Average Incident Response Time by Incident Type Including Mutual Aid
- 9. District Response Times District Only
- 10. District Response Times Including Mutual Aid
- 11. Average Response Time by Incident Type and Zone
- 12. Call Frequency Analysis by Zone and Station
- 13. Call Frequency Analysis by Shift
- 14. Call Frequency Analysis by Hour
- 15. Call Frequency Analysis by Month
- 16. Call Frequency Analysis by Day of Week
- 17. Call Frequency Analysis by Type
- 18. Personnel Training Hours

Tiburon Fire Protection District Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)



<u>3</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018

	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u> 2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,535,910	\$ 3,671,874	\$ 3,687,836	\$ 3,508,139	\$ 3,554,597	\$ 4,120,384	\$ 4,031,973	\$ 4,374,322	\$ 4,362,244	\$ 4,191,715
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	5,961,207	6,012,221	6,426,507	(1,226,146)	1,320,107	1,324,111	(3,139,108)	(5,353,824)	(930,337)	(539,990)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 9,497,117	\$ 9,684,095	\$ 10,114,343	\$ 2,281,993	\$ 4,874,704	\$ 5,444,495	\$ 892,865	\$ (979,502)	\$ 3,431,907	\$ 3,651,725

Source: Tiburon Fire Protection District audited financial statements as restated, if applicable

Tiburon Fire Protection District Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year End	ed June 30					
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
Public Safety	\$ 5,355,153	\$ 5,522,548	\$ 5,498,186	\$ 5,787,975	\$ 4,374,532	\$ 6,627,457	\$ 8,455,448	\$ 10,437,235	\$ 3,393,612	\$ 8,801,161
Interest on long term debt	18,987	10,309	6,921	5,330	4,049	2,735	1,384	6,458	6,255	4,441
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	5,374,140	5,532,857	5,505,107	5,793,305	4,378,581	6,630,192	8,456,832	10,443,693	3,399,867	8,805,602
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for Services										
City of Belvedere	1,097,018	1,147,585	1,130,791	1,074,261	1,381,061	1,529,831	1,452,926	1,482,707	1,622,788	1,681,247
Southern Marin Emergency Medical										
Paramedic System (SMEMPS)	153,571	156,048	180,349	185,707	173,573	208,392	219,004	434,957	167,232	285,000
Out of County Fire Support	-	36,469	142,690	179,465	368,242	60,811	530,685	559,738	475,059	243,465
Other Charges for Services	16,436	22,055	15,670	32,755	35,549	23,621	23,892	18,869	16,606	48,250
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-
Capital grants and contributions	48,784	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reimbursements & Miscellaneous	69,204	20,661	19,175	127,769	35,069	33,820	26,352	10,533	22,641	21,265
Total Governmental Activities										
Program Revenues	1,385,013	1,382,818	1,488,675	1,599,957	1,993,494	1,856,475	2,252,860	2,506,804	2,304,327	2,279,227
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental Activities Net										
(Expense)/Revenue	(3,989,127)	(4,150,039)	(4,016,432)	(4,193,348)	(2,385,087)	(4,773,717)	(6,203,972)	(7,936,889)	(1,095,540)	(6,526,375)
General Revenues and Other Changes in										
Net Position										
Governmental Activities										
Property taxes	4,188,312	4,272,197	4,376,795	4,660,169	4,914,394	5,274,011	5,641,658	5,930,502	6,313,372	6,545,810
Use of money and property	44,113	37,734	42,891	51,139	36,834	42,925	348,843	99,483	163,715	174,504
Unrestricted Grants Total Governmental Activities	26,586	27,086	26,994	27,044	26,570	26,572	26,186	34,537	49,816	25,880
General Revenues	4,259,011	4,337,017	4,446,680	4,738,352	4,977,798	5,343,508	6,016,687	6,064,522	6,526,903	6,746,194
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities										
Changes in Net Position	\$ 269,884	\$ 186,978	\$ 430,248	\$ 545,004	\$ 2,592,711	\$ 569,791	\$ (187,285)	\$ (1,872,367)	\$ 5,431,363	\$ 219,819
Net Position, Beginning Fund Balance Change due to implementation of GASB	9,227,233	9,497,117	9,684,095	10,114,343	2,281,993	4,874,704	5,444,495	892,865	(979,502)	3,431,907
68*				(8,377,354)						
Change due to implementation of GASB										
75**							(4,364,345)		(4.040.0==)	
Prior Period Adjustment*** Net Position,				-		·			(1,019,955)	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 9,497,117	\$ 9,684,095	\$ 10,114,343	\$ 2,281,993	\$ 4,874,704	\$ 5,444,495	\$ 892,865	\$ (979,502)	\$ 3,431,907	\$ 3,651,725
=	$\stackrel{\smile}{-}$		-							

^{*}GASB 68 was implemented in 2014-15, which required the 2013-14 ending balance to be restated by \$8,377,354. 2013-14 restatement is on the following page

Source: Tiburon Fire Protection District audited financial statements as restated, if applicable.

^{**}GASB 75 was implemented in 2017-18, which required the 2016-17 ending balance to be restated by \$4,364,345. 2016-17 restatement follows 2015 restatement referred to above.

^{***}The District reevaluated the use of the equity method of accounting for its joint venture with the SMEMPS and determined that the District did not have an equity interest. Please refer to Note 13.

Additionally, corrections to pension plan deferred outflows of resources and accrued interest payable. Please refer to Note 13 on pgs. 40-41.

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

14. RESTATEMENT

The District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. As a result of this change, beginning net position was decreased \$8,377,354.

TIBURON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

12. JOINT VENTURES (continued)

Marin Emergency Radio Authority

Additionally, the District entered into a JPA in February 1998, establishing the Marin Emergency Radio Authority (the Authority). The Authority is responsible for acquiring, construct, and improve a countywide emergency radio system. During the year ended June 30, 1999, the Authority issued Revenue Bonds to be used for the acquisition of the radio system. Of the \$27 million in Revenue Bonds, the District's share was 1.09%, or approximately \$294,000. Each year through August 2020, approximately \$23,000 annual debt services payments will be due to the Authority. Including interest and principal, it is anticipated the District's total obligation over 20 years will be approximately \$454,000. In addition to making payments toward debt service, the District pays the Authority for operations and maintenance of MERA.

The financial statements of the Authority are available at the Novato Fire Protection District, 95 Rowland Way, Novato, CA 94945. Condensed financial information for the Authority is presented below for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Total assets and deferred	
outflows of resources	\$ 51,598,231
Total liabilities	42,951,510
Net position	\$ 8,646,721
Total revenues	\$ 8,357,594
Total expenses	3,586,633
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ 4,770,961

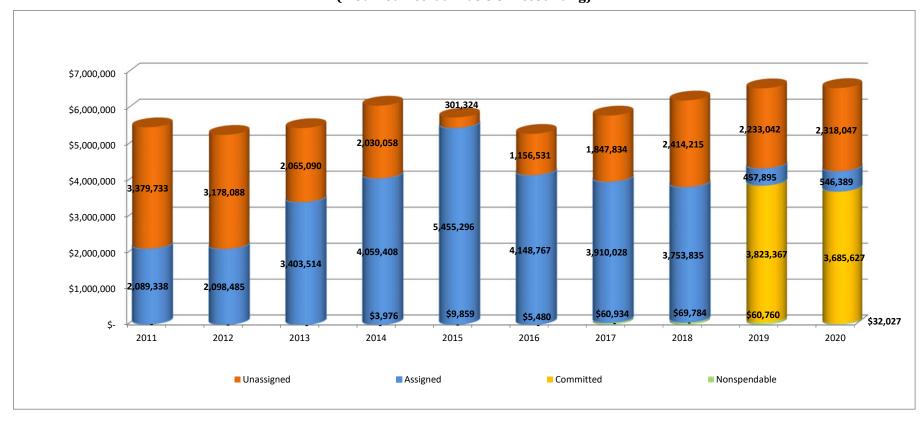
13. COMMITMENTS

The District has memoranda of understanding (MOU) with the Tiburon Professional Firefighters Association (the Association) and the Tiburon Fire Protection District Management Group (the Group) that provides various terms of employment through June 30, 2020.

14. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The Districted adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. As a result, the beginning net position in the statement of activities was restated to reduce net position by approximately \$4,364,000, to reflect the cumulative effect of applying this statement.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 24,256	\$ 6,644	\$ 1,078	\$ 3,976	\$ 9,859	\$ 5,480	\$ 60,934	\$ 69,784	\$ 60,760	\$ 32,027
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,823,367	3,685,627
Assigned	2,089,338	2,098,485	3,403,514	4,059,408	5,455,296	4,148,767	3,910,028	3,753,835	457,895	546,389
Unassigned	3,379,733	3,178,088	2,065,090	2,030,058	301,324	1,156,531	1,847,834	2,414,215	2,233,042	2,318,047
Total General Fund	\$ 5,493,327	\$ 5,283,217	\$ 5,469,682	\$ 6,093,442	\$ 5,766,479	\$ 5,310,778	\$ 5,818,796	\$ 6,237,834	\$ 6,575,064	\$ 6,582,090
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned Total All Other Governmental Funds	- - -	 - - -	- - -	 - - -						

Source: Tiburon Fire Protection District audited financial statements as restated, if applicable

Tiburon Fire Protection District Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

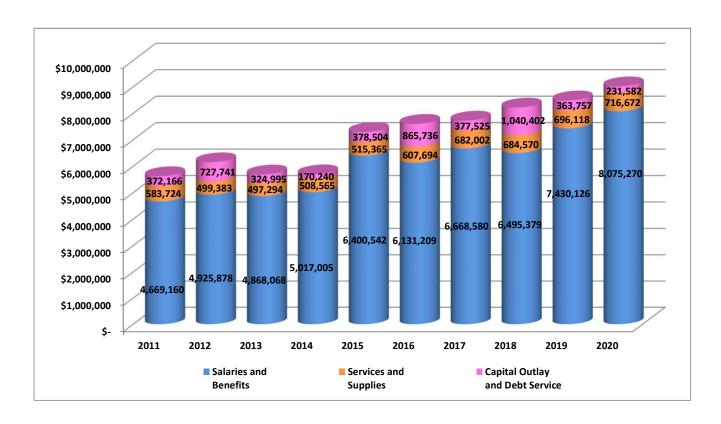
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$ 4,190,432	\$ 4,267,197	\$ 4,373,795	\$ 4,658,169	\$ 4,910,394	\$ 5,270,011	\$ 5,635,659	\$ 5,928,502	\$ 6,309,372	\$ 6,542,310
Charges for services										
City of Belvedere	1,097,018	1,147,585	1,130,791	1,074,261	1,381,061	1,529,831	1,452,926	1,482,707	1,622,788	1,681,247
SMEMPS	148,032	133,460	124,816	135,055	173,729	161,347	191,582	123,655	167,232	285,000
Other Charges for services	16,436	22,055	15,670	32,755	35,549	23,621	23,892	18,869	16,606	48,250
Intergovernmental*	75,370	63,555	169,684	206,509	394,812	87,383	556,871	594,275	524,875	269,345
Use of money and property**	44,113	37,734	34,390	36,139	36,134	42,779	58,843	99,483	162,868	174,504
Reimbursements & Miscellaneous	31,154	20,661	19,175	161,682	35,069	33,820	26,352	10,533	22,641	29,894
Total Revenues	5,602,555	5,692,247	5,868,321	6,304,570	6,966,748	7,148,792	7,946,125	8,258,024	8,826,384	9,030,550
Expenditures										
Current - Public Safety:										
Salaries and benefits	4,669,160	4,925,878	4,868,068	5,017,005	6,400,542	6,131,209	6,668,580	6,495,379	7,430,126	8,075,270
Services and supplies	583,724	499,383	497,294	508,565	515,365	607,694	682,002	684,570	696,118	716,672
Capital Outlay	192,230	550,719	94,696	116,963	325,229	812,460	324,249	745,906	311,757	133,003
Debt service										
Principal	160,949	166,713	223,521	47,947	49,226	50,541	51,892	288,038	52,000	91,072
Interest	18,987	10,309	6,778	5,330	4,049	2,735	1,384	6,458	-	7,507
Total Expenditures	5,625,050	6,153,002	5,690,357	5,695,810	7,294,411	7,604,639	7,728,107	8,220,351	8,490,001	9,023,524
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures	(22,495)	(460,755)	177,964	608,760	(327,663)	(455,847)	218,018	37,673	336,383	7,026
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Issuance of debt from capital										
lease transactions	-	250,645	-	-	-	-	-	381,365	-	-
Sales of assets	47,500		8,501	15,000	700	146	290,000		847	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	47,500	250,645	8,501	15,000	700	146	290,000	381,365	847	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 25,005	\$ (210,110)	\$ 186,465	\$ 623,760	\$ (326,963)	\$ (455,701)	\$ 508,018	\$ 419,038	\$ 337,230	\$ 7,026
Debt Services as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	3.3%	3.2%	4.1%	1.0%	0.8%	0.8%	0.7%	3.9%	0.6%	1.1%

^{*}Intergovernmental revenues include out-of-county mutual aid and Homeowners' Property Tax Relief (HOPTR).

Source: Tiburon Fire Protection District audited financial statements as restated, if applicable.

^{**}Use of money and property includes rents and interest earned.

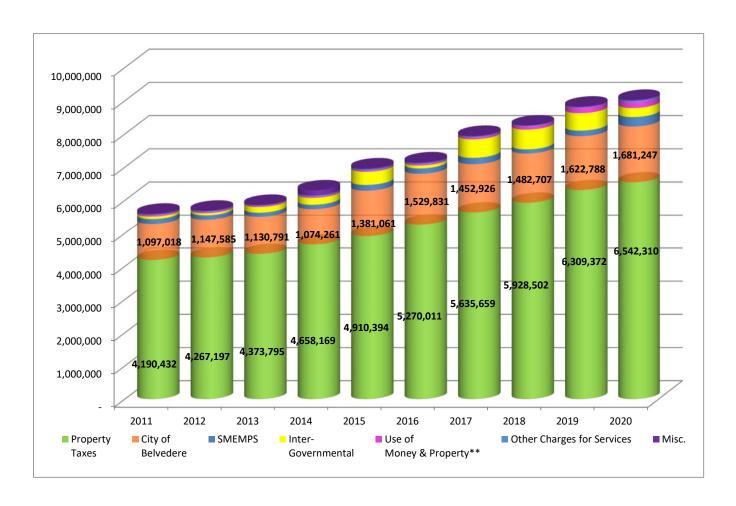
Tiburon Fire Protection District Expenditures By Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)



Fiscal Year Salaries and		Services and	Capital Outlay		
	Ended June 30	Benefits	Supplies	and Debt Service	Total
	2011	4,669,160	583,724	372,166	5,625,050
	2012	4,925,878	499,383	727,741	6,153,002
	2013	4,868,068	497,294	324,995	5,690,357
	2014	5,017,005	508,565	170,240	5,695,810
	2015	6,400,542	515,365	378,504	7,294,411
	2016	6,131,209	607,694	865,736	7,604,639
	2017	6,668,580	682,002	377,525	7,728,107
	2018	6,495,379	684,570	1,040,402	8,220,351
	2019	7,430,126	696,118	363,757	8,490,001
	2020	8,075,270	716,672	231,582	9,023,524

Source: Tiburon Fire Protection District audited financial statements as restated, if applicable

Tiburon Fire Protection District General Revenues by Source All Governmental Fund Types Last Ten Fiscal Years



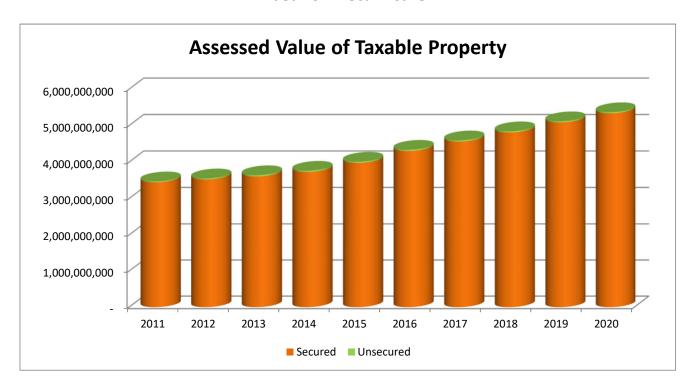
Fiscal Year					Use of	Other		
Ended	Property	City of		Inter-	Money &	Charges for		
June 30	Taxes	Belvedere	SMEMPS	Governmental	Property**	Services	Misc.	Total
2011	4,190,432	1,097,018	148,032	75,370	44,113	16,436	31,154	5,602,555
2012	4,267,197	1,147,585	133,460	63,555	37,734	22,055	20,661	5,692,247
2013	4,373,795	1,130,791	124,816	169,684	34,390	15,670	19,175	5,868,321
2014	4,658,169	1,074,261	135,055	206,509	36,139	32,755	161,682	6,304,570
2015	4,910,394	1,381,061	173,729	394,812	36,134	35,549	35,069	6,966,748
2016	5,270,011	1,529,831	161,347	87,383	42,779	23,621	33,820	7,148,792
2017	5,635,659	1,452,926	191,582	556,871	58,843	23,892	26,352	7,946,125
2018	5,928,502	1,482,707	123,655	594,275	99,483	18,869	10,533	8,258,024
2019	6,309,372	1,622,788	167,232	524,875	162,868	16,606	22,641	8,826,384
2020	6,542,310	1,681,247	285,000	269,345	174,504	48,250	29,894	9,030,550

 $^{{\}it *Intergovernmental revenues include out-of-county mutual aid and Homeowners' Property Tax \, Relief \, (HOPTR).}$

Source: Tiburon Fire Protection District audited financial statements as restated, if applicable.

 $[\]hbox{\it **Use of money and property includes rents and interest earned}.$

Tiburon Fire Protection District Assessed Valuation of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

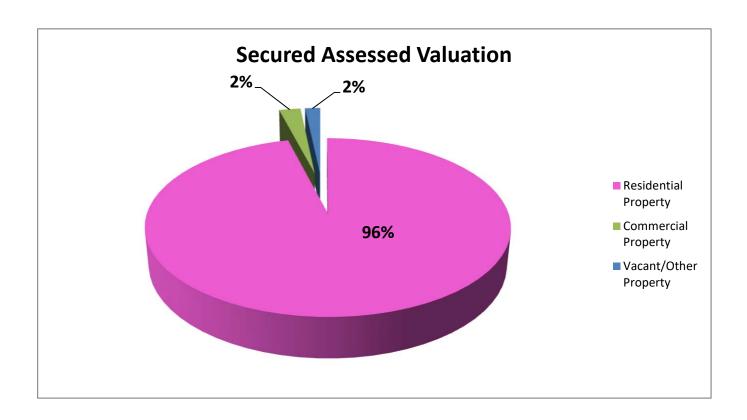


			Total Assessed	Total Direct
Fiscal Year	Secured	Unsecured	Value (1)	Tax Rate (2)
2011	3,447,754,734	25,453,397	3,473,208,131	1.00%
2012	3,526,328,638	28,746,067	3,555,074,705	1.00%
2013	3,608,235,054	34,218,705	3,642,453,759	1.00%
2014	3,731,753,049	33,717,415	3,765,470,464	1.00%
2015	3,980,402,229	32,869,873	4,013,272,102	1.00%
2016	4,306,625,779	34,217,878	4,340,843,657	1.00%
2017	4,565,558,591	31,817,403	4,597,375,994	1.00%
2018	4,814,660,435	32,540,527	4,847,200,962	1.00%
2019	5,090,509,837	31,015,424	5,121,525,261	1.00%
2020	5,340,796,699	29,593,730	5,370,390,429	1.00%

⁽¹⁾ Property is assessed at the most recent purchase price plus an annual inflation increment of no more than 2% and any local over-rides. These values are considered to be market value.

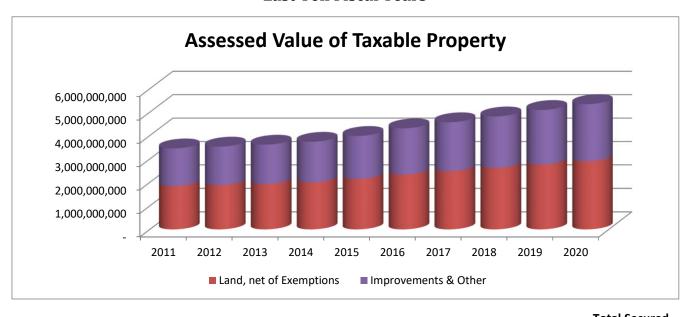
⁽²⁾ California Proposition 13 limits property taxes to a maximum rate of 1% of assessed value. Assessed value may be increased by an inflation factor of up to 2% annually.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Secured Assessed Valuation Fiscal Year 2019-2020



Residential Property	 Commercial Property	Va	ecant/Other Property	-	Total Secured Property
\$ 5,126,893,750	\$ 125,314,478	\$	88,588,471		\$ 5,340,796,699

Tiburon Fire Protection District Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

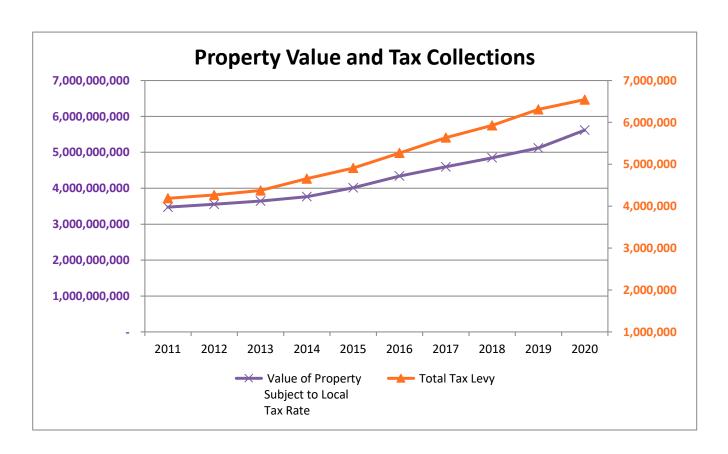


				Total Secured
Land	Improvements	Other	Exemptions	Assessed Value
1,876,714,191	1,608,333,973	4,609,596	(41,903,026)	3,447,754,734
1,924,143,729	1,640,309,625	4,048,252	(42,172,968)	3,526,328,638
1,965,392,016	1,685,349,273	1,297,381	(43,803,616)	3,608,235,054
2,038,034,236	1,736,517,272	1,396,114	(44,194,573)	3,731,753,049
2,183,840,105	1,835,956,305	4,728,565	(44,122,746)	3,980,402,229
2,374,710,266	1,972,113,701	4,060,906	(44,259,094)	4,306,625,779
2,518,594,348	2,089,323,685	3,397,081	(45,756,523)	4,565,558,591
2,656,966,226	2,201,225,654	3,203,278	(46,734,723)	4,814,660,435
2,805,184,368	2,329,012,062	3,196,762	(46,883,355)	5,090,509,837
2,948,761,398	2,437,220,089	3,087,363	(48,272,151)	5,340,796,699
	1,876,714,191 1,924,143,729 1,965,392,016 2,038,034,236 2,183,840,105 2,374,710,266 2,518,594,348 2,656,966,226 2,805,184,368	1,876,714,191 1,608,333,973 1,924,143,729 1,640,309,625 1,965,392,016 1,685,349,273 2,038,034,236 1,736,517,272 2,183,840,105 1,835,956,305 2,374,710,266 1,972,113,701 2,518,594,348 2,089,323,685 2,656,966,226 2,201,225,654 2,805,184,368 2,329,012,062	1,876,714,191 1,608,333,973 4,609,596 1,924,143,729 1,640,309,625 4,048,252 1,965,392,016 1,685,349,273 1,297,381 2,038,034,236 1,736,517,272 1,396,114 2,183,840,105 1,835,956,305 4,728,565 2,374,710,266 1,972,113,701 4,060,906 2,518,594,348 2,089,323,685 3,397,081 2,656,966,226 2,201,225,654 3,203,278 2,805,184,368 2,329,012,062 3,196,762	1,876,714,191 1,608,333,973 4,609,596 (41,903,026) 1,924,143,729 1,640,309,625 4,048,252 (42,172,968) 1,965,392,016 1,685,349,273 1,297,381 (43,803,616) 2,038,034,236 1,736,517,272 1,396,114 (44,194,573) 2,183,840,105 1,835,956,305 4,728,565 (44,122,746) 2,374,710,266 1,972,113,701 4,060,906 (44,259,094) 2,518,594,348 2,089,323,685 3,397,081 (45,756,523) 2,656,966,226 2,201,225,654 3,203,278 (46,734,723) 2,805,184,368 2,329,012,062 3,196,762 (46,883,355)

Total Secured		Unsecured	Total Assessed	Estimated
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Assessed Value		Value	Market Value (1)
2011	3,447,754,734	25,453,397	3,473,208,131	3,473,208,131
2012	3,526,328,638	28,746,067	3,555,074,705	3,555,074,705
2013	3,608,235,054	34,218,705	3,642,453,759	3,642,453,759
2014	3,731,753,049	33,717,415	3,765,470,464	3,765,470,464
2015	3,980,402,229	32,869,873	4,013,272,102	4,013,272,102
2016	4,306,625,779	34,217,878	4,340,843,657	4,340,843,657
2017	4,565,558,591	31,817,403	4,597,375,994	4,597,375,994
2018	4,814,660,435	32,540,527	4,847,200,962	4,847,200,962
2019	5,090,509,837	31,015,424	5,121,525,261	5,121,525,261
2020	5,340,796,699	29,593,730	5,370,390,429	5,370,390,429

⁽¹⁾ Property is assessed at the most recent purchase price plus an annual inflation increment of no more than 2% and any local over-rides. These values are considered to be market value.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

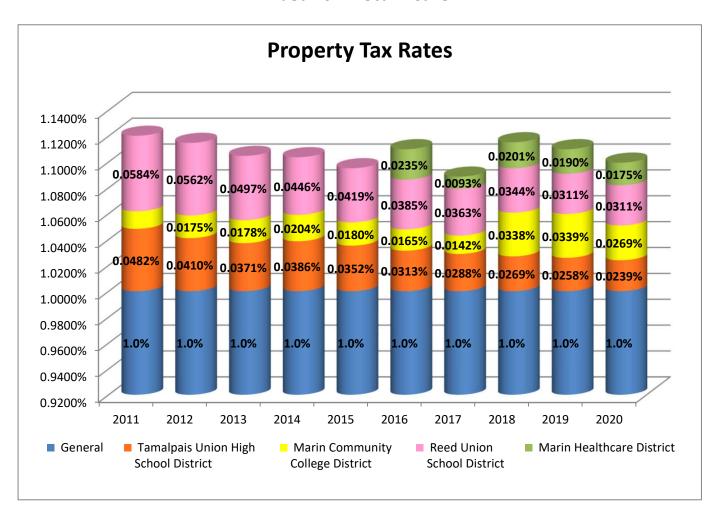


				Value of Property
Fiscal Year		Current Tax	Percent of Levy	Subject to Local
Ended June 30	Total Tax Levy	Collections	Collected	Tax Rate
2011	4,190,432	4,190,432	100.0%	3,473,208,131
2012	4,267,197	4,267,197	100.0%	3,555,074,705
2013	4,373,795	4,373,795	100.0%	3,642,453,759
2014	4,658,169	4,658,169	100.0%	3,765,470,464
2015	4,910,394	4,910,394	100.0%	4,013,272,102
2016	5,270,011	5,270,011	100.0%	4,340,843,657
2017	5,635,659	5,635,659	100.0%	4,597,375,994
2018	5,928,502	5,928,502	100.0%	4,847,200,962
2019	6,309,372	6,309,372	100.0%	5,121,525,261
2020	6,542,310	6,542,310	100.0%	5,618,429,522

Note: The District participates in a "Teeter Plan" agreement with the County of Marin, receiving 100% of securec property taxes billed each year regardless of delinquencies. The County retains rights to penalties and interest on delinquent property tax receivables.

Source: County of Marin Department of Finance and Tiburon Fire District audited financial statements

Tiburon Fire Protection District Property Tax Rates All Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years



		Tamalpais Union High	Marin Community	Reed Union School	Marin Healthcare	
Fiscal Year	General	School District	College District	District	District	Total
2011	1.0%	0.0482%	0.0136%	0.0584%		1.1202%
2012	1.0%	0.0410%	0.0175%	0.0562%		1.1147%
2013	1.0%	0.0371%	0.0178%	0.0497%		1.1046%
2014	1.0%	0.0386%	0.0204%	0.0446%		1.1036%
2015	1.0%	0.0352%	0.0180%	0.0419%		1.0951%
2016	1.0%	0.0313%	0.0165%	0.0385%	0.0235%	1.1098%
2017	1.0%	0.0288%	0.0142%	0.0363%	0.0093%	1.0886%
2018	1.0%	0.0269%	0.0338%	0.0344%	0.0201%	1.1152%
2019	1.0%	0.0258%	0.0339%	0.0311%	0.0190%	1.1098%
2020	1.0%	0.0239%	0.0269%	0.0311%	0.0175%	1.0994%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Principal Property Taxpayers

Current Year and Nine years ago

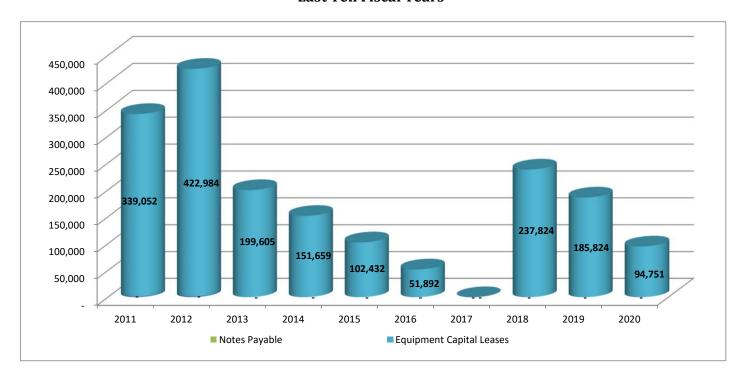
Fiscal Year 2019/2020

Fiscal Year 2010/2011

			Percentage			Percentage
	Assessed		of Assessed	Assessed		of Assessed
Property Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Stuart L. Peterson Trust	46,216,732	1	0.86%	15,782,366	3	0.45%
Essex Vista Belvedere	21,785,709	2	0.41%	18,406,577	1	0.53%
Zelinsky Properties LLC	15,646,641	3	0.29%	14,150,801	4	0.41%
ACV Argo Tiburon LP	14,853,174	4	0.28%			0.00%
Tiburon Hotel LLC	14,803,438	5	0.28%	9,746,451	11	0.28%
1860 MC LLC	13,826,200	6	0.26%			0.00%
Christian B. Sowul Trust	13,200,000	7	0.25%			0.00%
Place Moulin Trust	12,933,821	8	0.24%			0.00%
Paraiso Holdings LLC	12,856,055	9	0.24%			0.00%
C & J Realty Investments LLC	12,734,400	10	0.24%			0.00%
Richard N. Garman	12,000,000	11	0.22%	11,845,881	6	0.34%
Toremi 1994 Revocable Trust	11,781,149	12	0.22%			0.00%
PV Tiburon LLC	11,713,680	13	0.22%			0.00%
Anders Swahn Trust	11,436,824	14	0.21%	9,777,066	10	0.28%
Maxwell B. Drever Trust	11,187,047	15	0.21%	9,688,560	12	0.28%
Thieriot Family Trust	10,800,000	16	0.20%			0.00%
1925 Straits View Drive LLC	10,718,120	17	0.20%			0.00%
30 Meadow Hill Trust	10,404,000	18	0.19%			0.00%
Christopher R. Hansen	10,400,811	19	0.19%	8,200,000	19	0.24%
Daniel L. Grossman Trust	10,333,199	20	0.19%	8,997,299	14	0.26%
Barbara Z. Abrams, Trust				17,315,601	2	0.50%
Raymond G. Handley Trust				12,031,084	5	0.35%
Ronald and Eva Lackenbacher				11,519,092	7	0.33%
Blue Pearl Marin LLC				11,082,103	8	0.32%
Carol Argentos				9,820,973	9	0.28%
Brancross US Holdings Inc.				9,332,267	13	0.27%
Gold Crown Property LLC				8,820,825	15	0.25%
Belvedere Land Company				8,801,212	16	0.25%
Michael P. McCaffrey, Trust				8,433,834	17	0.24%
Bernard LaCroute, Trust				8,222,040	18	0.24%
Elizabeth L. Thieriot Trust				8,190,000	20	0.24%
Total	\$ 289,631,000		5.39%	\$ 220,164,032		6.34%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years



			Total Primary		Percentage of		
Fiscal Year		Equipment	Government	Total Personal	Personal	Total	Debt Per
Ended June 30	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Debt	Income	Income	Population	Capita
2011	-	339,052	339,052	1,042,748,917	0.03%	10,582	32.04
2012	-	422,984	422,984	1,109,377,863	0.04%	10,615	39.85
2013	-	199,605	199,605	1,092,283,752	0.02%	10,585	18.86
2014	-	151,659	151,659	1,122,876,940	0.01%	10,648	14.24
2015	-	102,432	102,432	1,187,304,197	0.01%	10,779	9.50
2016	-	51,892	51,892	1,261,288,372	0.00%	11,101	4.67
2017	-	-	-	1,288,267,786	0.00%	11,117	-
2018	-	237,824	237,824	1,370,467,247	0.02%	11,203	21.23
2019	-	185,824	185,824	1,427,340,950	0.01%	10,957	16.96
2020	-	94,752	94,752	1,828,381,592	0.01%	11,092	8.54

Sources: Tiburon Fire District audited financial statements, Bureau of Economic Analysis, California Department of Finance, US Census Bureau and California Department of Transportation, Economic Analysis Branch.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Computation of Direct & Overlapping Debt June 30, 2020

2019-20 Assessed Valuation: 5,370,390,429

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT		Total Debt 6/30/2020	Percentage Applicable (1)	District's Share of Debt 6/30/2030	_
Marin Community College District	\$	447,905,000	6.532%	29,257,155	
Tamalpais Union High School District		96,260,000	10.979%	10,568,385	
Reed Union School District		22,830,000	56.119%	12,811,968	
Marin Healthcare District		366,045,000	7.831%	28,664,984	
Belvedere-Tiburon Library Community Facilities District No. 95-1		665,000	55.084%	366,309	
Marin County Open Space Community Facilities District No. 1993-1		1,590,582	71.882%	1,143,342	
Marin County Open Space Community Facilities District No. 1997-1		1,590,582	71.882%	1,143,342	
Town of Tiburon 1915 Act Bonds		10,526,983	78.130%	8,224,732	
Marin Emergency Radio Authority Parcel Tax Obligations		31,375,000	6.523%	2,046,591	_
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT				\$ 94,226,808	
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT					
Marin County General Fund Obligations	\$	82,489,789	6.523%	5,380,809	
Marin County Pension Obligation Bonds		78,120,000	6.523%	5,095,768	
Marin Municipal Water District General Fund Obligations		38,400	8.308%	3,190	
Marin County Transit District General Fund Obligations		47,200	6.523%	3,079	
Marin Community College District General Fund Obligations		12,960,834	6.532%	846,602	
Town of Tiburon General Fund Obligations		74,000	78.130%	57,816	
Marin Emergency Radio Authority Obligation		4,000,000	1.090%	43,600	(2)
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT				\$ 11,430,864	
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT				\$ 94,752	
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT				\$ 105,657,671	
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT				\$ 105,752,423	(3)

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the district is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the fire protection district divided by the overlapping district's total taxable assessed value.

Ratios to 2019-20 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.75%
Total Direct Debt	0.0018%
Combined Total Debt	1.97%

Source: County of Marin Department of Finance and California Municipal Statistics, Inc

⁽²⁾ Share of Marin Public Safety & Emergency Radio System obligations.

⁽³⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Years

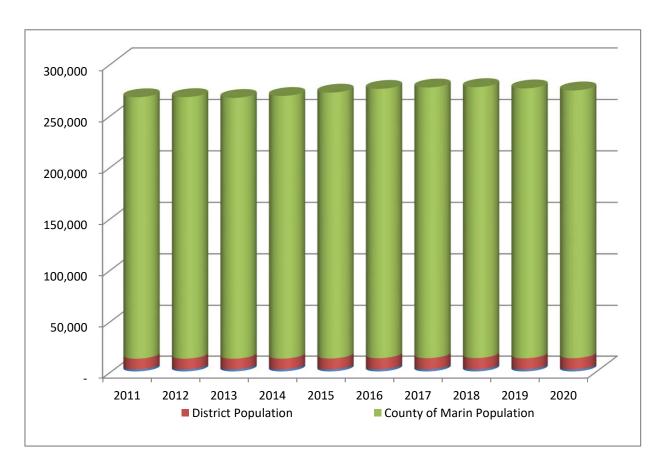
Gross Assessed Valuation	\$ 5,370,390,429
Debt Margin Ratio (1)	3.75%
Debt Margin	\$ 201,389,641
Less: Outstanding General Obligations	
Net Debt Margin	\$ 201,389,641

Total Net Debt
Applicable to the
Limit as

Fiscal Year		Total Net Debt		Percentage of
Ended June 30	Debt Limit	Applicable to Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Debt Limit
2011	130,245,305	-	130,245,305	0.00%
2012	133,315,301	-	133,315,301	0.00%
2013	136,592,016	-	136,592,016	0.00%
2014	141,205,142	-	141,205,142	0.00%
2015	150,497,704	-	150,497,704	0.00%
2016	162,781,637	-	162,781,637	0.00%
2017	172,401,600	-	172,401,600	0.00%
2018	181,770,036	-	181,770,036	0.00%
2019	192,057,197	-	192,057,197	0.00%
2020	201,389,641	-	201,389,641	0.00%

⁽¹⁾ California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The Code section was enacted when assessed valuations were based on 25% of full market value. This has changed to 100% of full market value. As such, the limit is shown as 3.75%.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

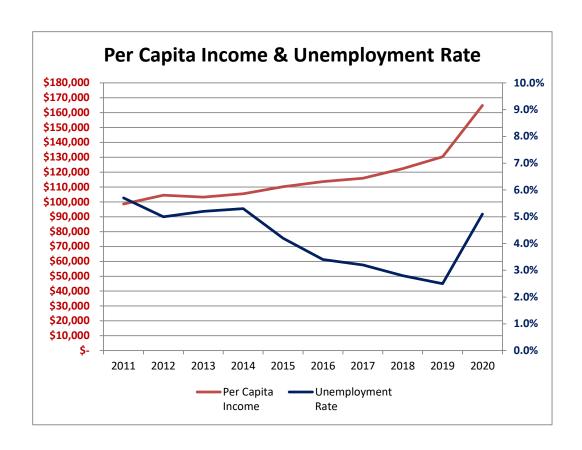


						County of	
Fiscal	Town of Tiburon	City of	Unincorporated	District	%	Marin	% of
Year	in Jurisdiction (1)	Belvedere	Population (2)	Population	Change	Population	County
2011	7,329	2,083	1,170	10,582	0.7%	254,692	4.2%
2012	7,351	2,090	1,174	10,615	0.3%	254,790	4.2%
2013	7,329	2,086	1,170	10,585	-0.3%	254,007	4.2%
2014	7,377	2,094	1,177	10,648	0.6%	255,846	4.2%
2015	7,466	2,121	1,192	10,779	1.2%	258,972	4.2%
2016	7,712	2,162	1,227	11,101	3.0%	262,274	4.2%
2017	7,716	2,172	1,229	11,117	0.1%	263,604	4.2%
2018	7,829	2,135	1,239	11,203	0.8%	263,886	4.2%
2019	7,597	2,148	1,211	10,957	-2.2%	262,879	4.2%
2020	7,742	2,124	1,226	11,092	1.2%	260,831	4.3%

- (1) Approximately 81% of the Town of Tiburon is under Tiburon Fire Protection District Jurisdiction.
- (2) Estimated based on population per parcel in the Town of Tiburon.

Sources: California Department of Finance, County of Marin Assessor-Recorder, and Parcel Quest

Tiburon Fire Protection District Demographic & Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years



Fiscal	Total	Total Personal	Per Capita	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income (1)	Income	Rate
2011	10,582	1,042,748,917	98,544	5.7%
2012	10,615	1,109,377,863	104,510	5.0%
2013	10,585	1,092,283,752	103,192	5.2%
2014	10,648	1,122,876,940	105,456	5.3%
2015	10,779	1,187,304,197	110,155	4.2%
2016	11,101	1,261,288,372	113,619	3.4%
2017	11,117	1,288,267,786	115,884	3.2%
2018	11,203	1,370,467,247	122,330	2.8%
2019	10,957	1,427,340,950	130,271	2.5%
2020	11,092	1,828,381,592	164,836	5.1%

⁽¹⁾ Total Personal Income is estimated based on Marin County data available through the California Department of Transportation Economic Analysis Branch and is allocated to District population and adjusted by a factor of approximately 1.2 based on the most recent (2017) income data available from datausa.io for the Town of Tiburon and the City of Belvedere.

Sources: California Department of Finance, California Employment Development Department, datausa.io, California Department of Transportation Economic Analysis Branch and Parcel Quest

Tiburon Fire Protection District Principal Employers Current Year and Eight Years Ago

	Fiscal Year 2019/2020			Fiscal Year 2011/2012		
			Percentage			Percentage
	Number of		of Total	Number of		of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Reed School District	160	1	1.52%	60	4	0.59%
Romberg Tiburon Center	75	6	0.71%			
Sam's Anchor Café	74	2	0.70%	80	1	0.79%
Woodland Market	63	7	0.60%	45	9	0.45%
Digital Foundry	47	8	0.45%	50	6	0.50%
Tiburon Peninsula Club	43	3	0.41%	55	5	0.55%
Marin Convalescent & Rehabilitation	40	9	0.38%	47	8	0.47%
Corinthian Yacht Club	25	10	0.24%			
San Francisco Yacht Club	23	5	0.22%	50	7	0.50%
Tiburon Lodge	14	4	0.13%	73	2	0.72%
Guaymas Restauraunt				65	3	0.64%
Ark Row Center for Enrichment				45	10	0.45%
Total	564		5.36%	570		5.65%

Data prior to 2011/12 is not not available.

Source: local businesses

Tiburon Fire Protection District Summary of District Activities Fiscal Year 2019-2020

Category	Total	% Change since 2018	
District Population	11,092	1.2%	
Annual Responses	1,787	2.7%	
Mutual Aid Given (approximate number of calls)	633	6.9%	
Property Loss	\$ 886,040	44202.0%	
Acreage Burned	-	0.0%	
Total Employees	32	-5.9%	
Workers Compensation Claims	\$ 28,205	61.8%	
Leave Hours			
Sick Leave Utilized	1,880	-47.8%	
Service Connected Disability Leave	-	0.0%	
Vacation Leave Used and Cashed Out	5,792	-22.0%	
Training Hours for Personnel	8,277	-9.0%	

Source: District's Emergency Reporting database, Personnel Records, Athens Administrators

Tiburon Fire Protection District Apparatus Inventory Fiscal Year 2019-20

The District utilizes a variety of apparatus to respond to a diverse range of emergency situations, as well as vehicles used for Administration and Prevention staff. Type 1 engines are housed at both District Stations; a Fireboat is docked at the Blue and Gold dock to the rear of 5 Main Street in Tiburon. Type 1 engines respond to all types of emergency operations, including commercial, residential and vehicle fires, medical calls, hazardous materials incidents and wildland/urban interface fires in and out of the county.

The District inventory includes two Type 3 engines equipped for off-road capability, responding to wildland/urban interface fires. One of these engines is a reserve engine.

The Type 1 engine at Station 10 is cross-staffed with an ambulance. The District another Type 1 engine in reserve status.

Specialty equipment includes a Medium Rescue Unit and a Fireboat.

The Fire Chief drives an SUV capable of responding "Code 3" when a life or property emergency exists. The Battalion Chiefs share a Chevrolet Tahoe SUV for daily response. There is a reserve Battalion 4x4 pickup truck at Station 11.

The Prevention Division utilizes a "Code 3" capable SUV for inspections, investigations, fire response, community service events, public education and meetings. There are two vehicle pools: one at each station.

District Apparatus Inventory by Station

Station 10

- 1 type 1 engine
- 1 ambulance
- 1 4x4 utility pick-up truck

Waterfront

• 1 type 2 fireboat

Angel Island

• Patient transport utility vehicle

Station 11

- 1 Type 1 engine
- 1 Type 1 reserve engine
- 2 type 3 engines
- 1 medium duty rescue unit
- 1 B/C command vehicle
- 2 prevention vehicles
- 1 Chief's SUV
- 1 utility 4x4 pickup
- 1 staff car

Tiburon Fire Protection District Full-time and Part-time Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

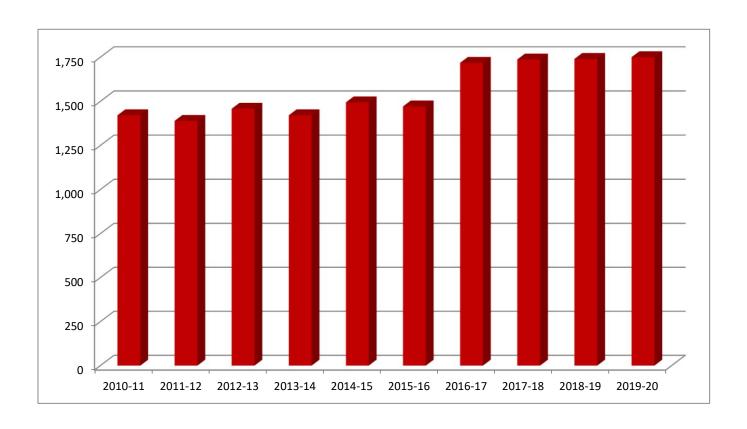


Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Public Safety										
Executive Management	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Operations	24	24	25	25	24	24	23	23	28	27
Fire Prevention	2	2	1	1	1	2	-	1	3	2
Support Services	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Total Public Safety	29	29	29	29	28	29	26	27	34	32

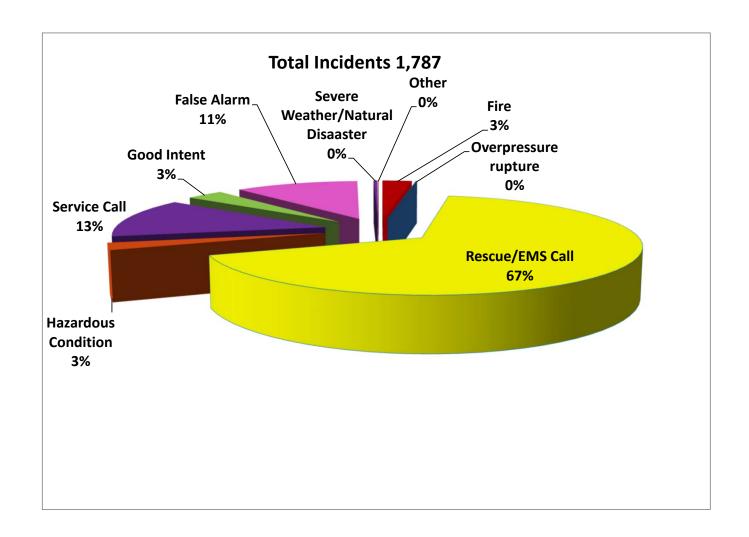
Source: Tiburon Fire Protection District payroll and workers compensation audit records.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Total Responses Last Ten Fiscal Years



Fiscal Year	Total Calls
2010-11	1,421
2011-12	1,389
2012-13	1,458
2013-14	1,421
2014-15	1,494
2015-16	1,471
2016-17	1,718
2017-18	1,737
2018-19	1,740
2019-20	1,787

Tiburon Fire Protection District Emergency Response by Incident Type Fiscal Year 2019-2020



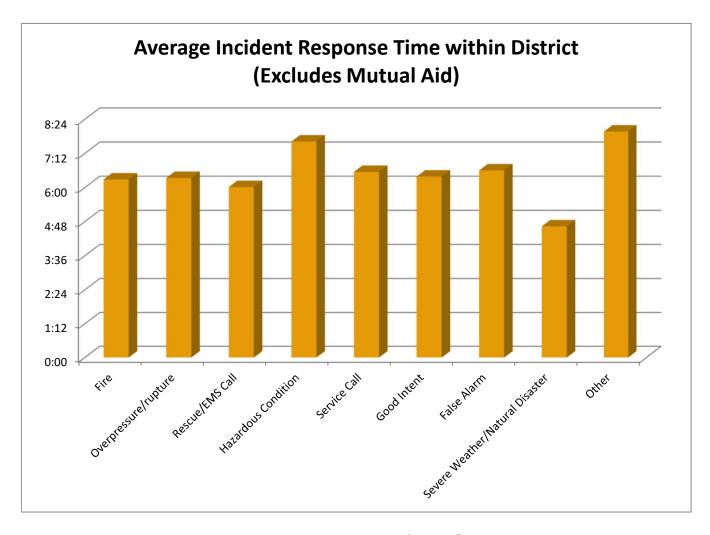
Incident Type	Total Calls
Fire	47
Overpressure rupture	2
Rescue/EMS Call	1,192
Hazardous Condition	43
Service Call	238
Good Intent	60
False Alarm	198
Severe Weather/Natural Disaaster	6
Other	1
Total Incidents	1,787

Tiburon Fire Protection District Emergency Response Detail Analysis Fiscal Year 2019-2020

Incident Code	Category/Description	Total Incidents	T	otal Dollar Loss	Acres Burned
	Fire				
111	Building Fire	16	\$	760,500	
112	Fires in structure other than in a building	1			
113	Cooking fire, confined to container	4		-	
118	Trash or rubbish fire, contained	3		-	
131	Passenger vehicle fire	3		125,000	
134	Water vehicle fire	6		-	
141	Forest, woods or wildland fire	3		-	
142	Brush or brush-and-grass mixture fire	4			
143	Grass fire	3		-	
151	Outside rubbish, trash or waste fire	1		-	
160	Special outside fire, other	2		500	
163	Outside gas or vapor compustion explosion	1		40	
	Total Fire	47	\$	886,040	
	Overpressure/Rupture				
251	Excessive heat, scorch burns with no ignition	2		_	
	Total Overpressure/Rupture	2		-	
	Rescue/EMS Call				
311	Medical assist, assist EMS crew	542		-	
321	EMS call, excluding vehicle accident with injury	588		_	
322	Vehicle accident with injuries	14		_	
323	Motor vehicle/pedestrian accident (MV Ped)	1		-	
324	Motor vehicle accident with no injuries	19		-	
331	Lock-in	1		-	
342	Search for person in water	15		_	
365	Watercraft rescue	11		-	
381	Rescue or EMS standby	1		-	
	Total Rescue/EMS Call	1,192		-	
	Hazardous Condition				
111	Gasoline or other flammable liquid spill	3		-	
112	Gas leak (natural gas or LPG)	15		-	
124	Carbon monoxide incident	1		-	
140	Electrical wiring/equipment problem, other	1		-	
141	Heat from short circuit (wiring), defective/worn	3		-	
142	Overheated motor	2		-	
144	Power line down	13		-	
145	Arcing, shorted electrical equipment	4		-	
451	Biological hazard, confirmed or suspected	1		-	
	Total Hazardous Condition	43		-	
	Service Call				
511	Lock-out	15		-	
512	Ring or jewelry removal	1			
520	Water problem, other	8		-	
	Water evacuation				

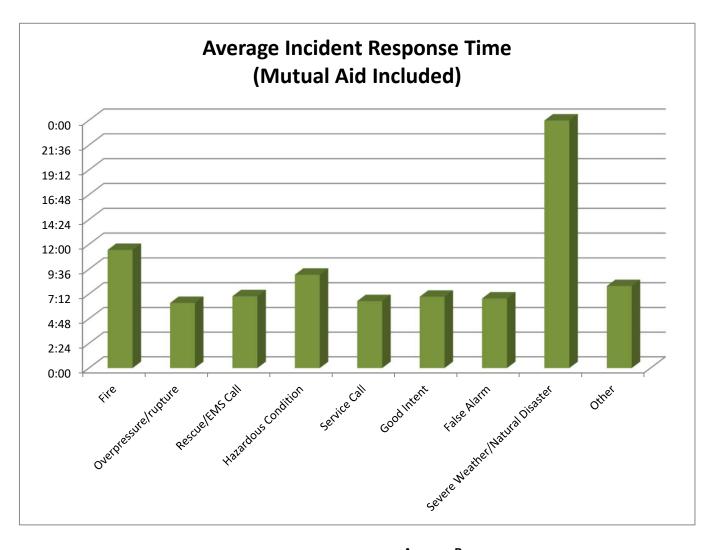
Incident Code	Category/Description	Total Incidents	Total Dollar Loss	Acres Burned
	Service Call, continued			
522	Water or steam leak	44	-	-
531	Smoke or odor removal	11	-	-
542	Animal rescue	5	-	-
551	Assist police or other governmental agency	13	-	-
552	Police matter	3	-	-
553	Public service	59	-	-
554	Assist invalid	74	-	-
555	Defective elevator, no occupants	2	-	-
571	Cover assignment, standby, moveup	2	-	-
	Total Service Call	238	-	-
	Good Intent			
611	Dispatched & cancelled en route	1	-	-
622	No incident found on arrival at dispatch address	5	-	-
631	Authorized controlled burning	1	-	-
651	Smoke scare, odor of smoke	46	-	-
652	Steam, vapor, fog or dust thought to be smoke	4	-	-
653	Smoke from barbecue, tar kettle	3	-	-
	Total Good Intent	60	-	-
	False Alarm			
700	False alarm or false call, other	2	-	-
711	Municipal alarm system, malicious false alarm	1		
714	Central station, malicious false alarm	1	-	-
715	Local alarm system, malicious false alarm	1	-	-
731	Sprinkler activation due to malfunction	2		
733	Smoke detector activation due to malfunction	49	-	-
734	Heat detector activation due to malfunction	2	-	-
735	Alarm system sounded due to malfunction	48	-	-
736	CO detector activation due to malfunction	19	-	-
740	Unintentional transmission of alarm, other	1	-	-
741	Unintentional transmission of alarm, other	2	-	-
743	Smoke detactor activation, no fire, unintentional	25	-	-
744	Detector activation, no fire - unintentional	12	-	-
745	Alarm system sounded, no fire, unintentional	29	-	-
746	Carbon monoxide detector activation, no CO	4	-	-
	Total False Alarm	198	-	-
	Natural Disaster			
812	Flood assessment	1	-	-
813	Wind storm, tornado/hurricane assessment	2		
815	Severe weather or natural disaster standby	3	-	-
	Total Natural Disaster	6	-	-
	Other			
911	Citizen complaint	1	-	-
	Total Natural Disaster	1	-	-
	Grand Total	1,787	\$ 886,040	-

Tiburon Fire Protection District Average Incident Response Time Fiscal Year 2019-2020



	Average Response
Incident Type	Time in Minutes
Fire	6:17
Overpressure/rupture	6:20
Rescue/EMS Call	6:01
Hazardous Condition	7:37
Service Call	6:33
Good Intent	6:23
False Alarm	6:36
Severe Weather/Natural Disaster	4:38
Other	7:58

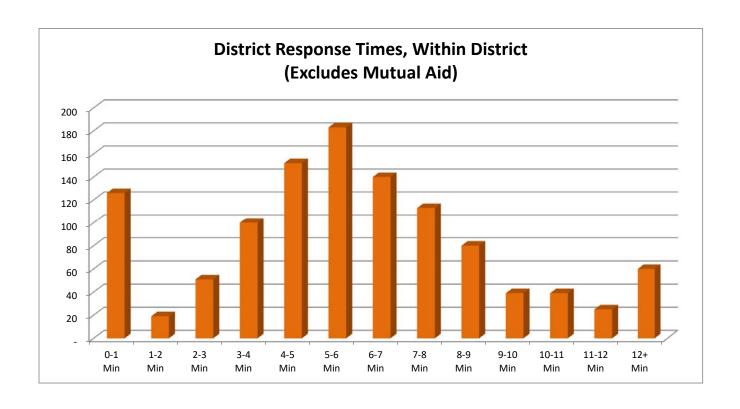
Tiburon Fire Protection District Average Incident Response Time Fiscal Year 2019-2020



	Average Response
Incident Type	Time in Minutes
Fire	11:28
Overpressure/rupture	6:20
Rescue/EMS Call	6:59
Hazardous Condition	9:04
Service Call	6:31
Good Intent	6:56
False Alarm	6:46
Severe Weather/Natural Disaster	23:59
Other	7:58

Source: District's Emergency Reporting database. Out of County and Pre-positioning response is excluded since it requires shift coverage before strike team can respond.

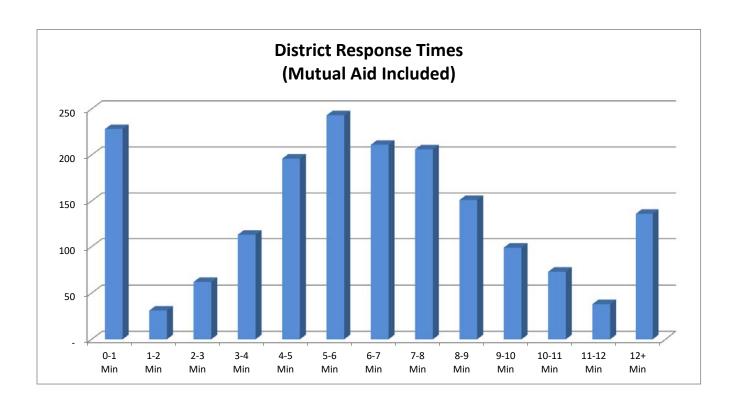
Tiburon Fire Protection District District Response Times Fiscal Year 2019-2020



	<u>0-1</u>	<u>1-2</u>	<u>2-3</u>	<u>3-4</u>	<u>4-5</u>	<u>5-6</u>	<u>6-7</u>	<u>7-8</u>	<u>8-9</u>	<u>9-10</u>	<u>10-11</u>	<u>11-12</u>	<u>12+</u>	
<u>Incident Type</u>	Min	Min	Min	Min	<u>Total</u>									
Fire				2	7	1	1	3		1		1	1	17
Overpressure/rupture					1				1					2
Rescue/EMS Call	42	11	41	73	100	115	77	48	33	17	15	11	25	608
Hazardous Condition			1	3	2	7	3	3	8	1	3	1	3	35
Service Call	40	5	2	11	19	28	28	30	20	10	12	5	16	226
Good Intent	5	2	2	1	4	9	5	8	4	1	2	3	2	48
False Alarm	39	1	4	10	19	23	25	20	14	9	7	4	13	188
Severe Weather/Natural Disaster			1				1							2
Other								1						1
Total	126	19	51	100	152	183	140	113	80	39	39	25	60	1,127

District objective is to respond to 90% of all calls within 8 minutes; 78% of 2019-20 in-district calls were under 8 minutes; 68% under 7 minutes.

Tiburon Fire Protection District District Response Times Fiscal Year 2019-2020

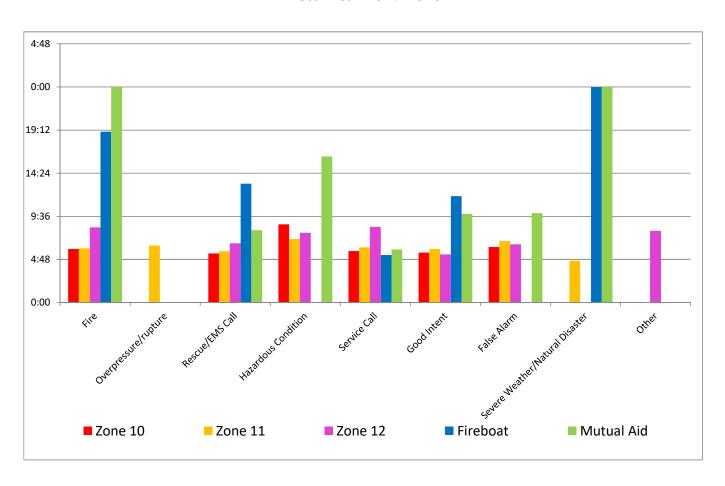


	<u>0-1</u>	<u>1-2</u>	<u>2-3</u>	<u>3-4</u>	<u>4-5</u>	<u>5-6</u>	<u>6-7</u>	<u>7-8</u>	<u>8-9</u>	<u>9-10</u>	<u>10-11</u>	<u>11-12</u>	<u>12+</u>	
Incident Type	Min	<u>Min</u>	Min	<u>Min</u>	<u>Min</u>	Min	Min	Min	Min	Min	Min	<u>Min</u>	Min	<u>Total</u>
Fire	6			2	8	1	2	4		3		1	20	47
Overpressure/rupture					1				1					2
Rescue/EMS Call	124	21	51	85	143	174	144	136	100	72	47	24	71	1,192
Hazardous Condition	1	1	2	3	2	7	5	3	8	2	3	1	5	43
Service Call	46	5	2	11	19	28	28	32	21	10	14	5	17	238
Good Intent	8	2	2	1	4	9	5	10	7	3	2	3	4	60
False Alarm	43	1	4	11	19	24	26	20	14	9	7	4	16	198
Severe Weather/Natural Disaster		1	1				1						3	6
Other								1						1
Total	228	31	62	113	196	243	211	206	151	99	73	38	136	1,787

Mutual aid responses to areas outside Tiburon Fire Protection District are included.

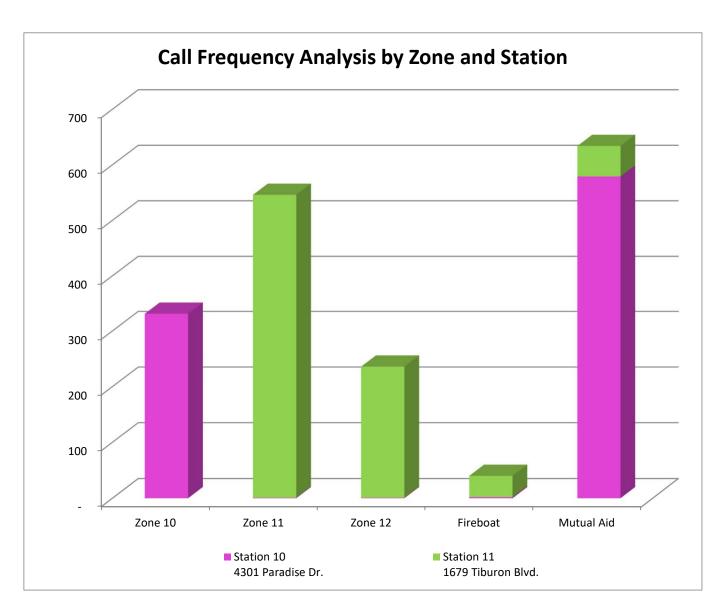
District objective is to respond to 90% of all calls within 8 minutes; 72% of 2019-20 calls were under 8 minutes; 61% under 7 minutes.

Tiburon Fire Protection District Average Response Time by Zone Fiscal Year 2019-2020



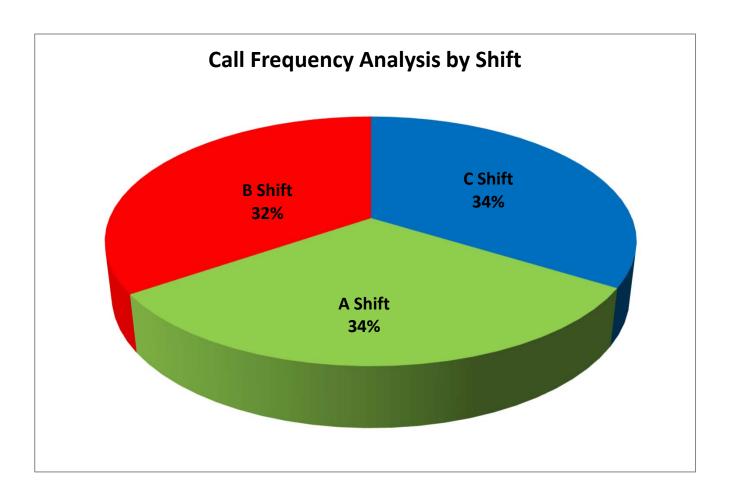
<u>Incident</u>					
<u>Type</u>	Zone 10	Zone 11	<u>Zone 12</u>	<u>Fireboat</u>	Mutual Aid
Fire	5:57	6:02	8:22	19:01	23:59
Overpressure/rupture		6:20			
Rescue/EMS Call	5:28	5:42	6:35	13:14	8:02
Hazardous Condition	8:42	7:04	7:45		16:15
Service Call	5:44	6:08	8:25	5:17	5:54
Good Intent	5:33	5:57	5:21	11:50	9:51
False Alarm	6:10	6:50	6:28		9:57
Severe Weather/Natural Disaster		4:38		23:59	23:59
Other			7:58		

Tiburon Fire Protection District Call Frequency Analysis by Zone and Station Fiscal Year 2019-2020



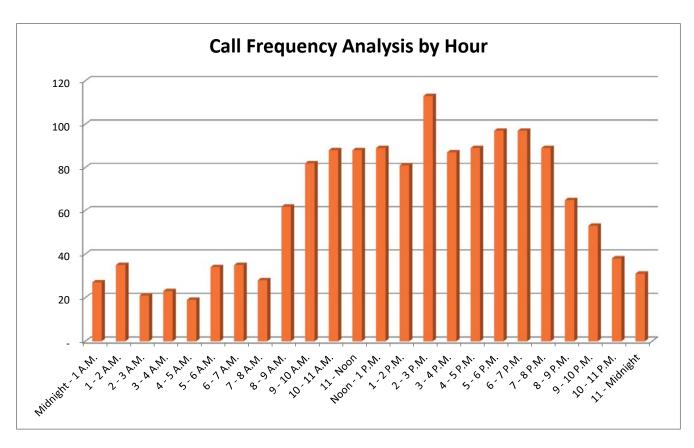
	Station 10	Station 11		% of
<u>Zone</u>	4301 Paradise Dr.	1679 Tiburon Blvd.	Total Calls	<u>Total</u>
Zone 10	331		331	19%
Zone 11	1	545	546	31%
Zone 12	1	235	236	13%
Fireboat	2	38	40	2%
Mutual Aid	579	55	634	35%
•				
Total	914	873	1,787	100%

Tiburon Fire Protection District Call Frequency Analysis by Shift Fiscal Year 2019-2020



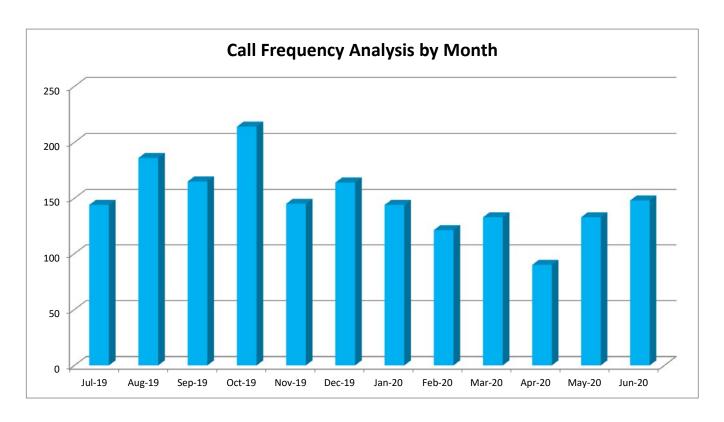
<u>Shift</u>	Total Calls	% of Total
A Shift	604	34%
B Shift	565	32%
C Shift	618	35%
Total	1,787	100%

Tiburon Fire Protection District Call Frequency Analysis by Hour Fiscal Year 2019-2020



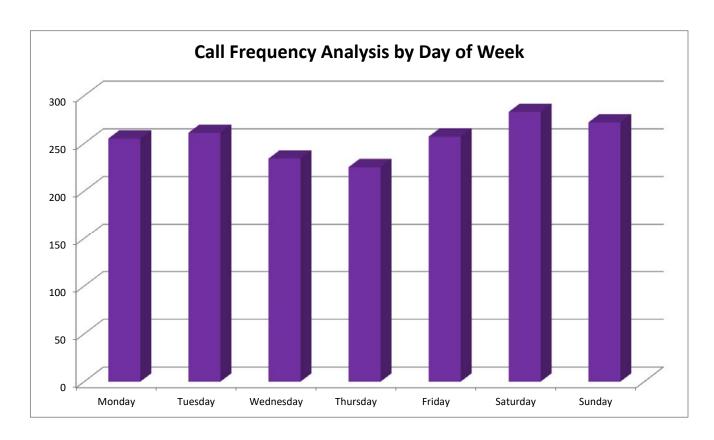
	Number			Number	
Hour	of Calls	% of Total	Hour	of Calls	% of Total
Midnight - 1 A.M.	49	2.7%	Noon - 1 P.M.	102	5.7%
1 - 2 A.M.	27	1.5%	1 - 2 P.M.	104	5.8%
2 - 3 A.M.	26	1.5%	2 - 3 P.M.	122	6.8%
3 - 4 A.M.	28	1.6%	3 - 4 P.M.	114	6.4%
4 - 5 A.M.	20	1.1%	4 - 5 P.M.	103	5.8%
5 - 6 A.M.	29	1.6%	5 - 6 P.M.	107	6.0%
6 - 7 A.M.	42	2.4%	6 - 7 P.M.	96	5.4%
7 - 8 A.M.	70	3.9%	7 - 8 P.M.	120	6.7%
8 - 9 A.M.	86	4.8%	8 - 9 P.M.	80	4.5%
9 - 10 A.M.	89	5.0%	9 - 10 P.M.	65	3.6%
10 - 11 A.M.	98	5.5%	10 - 11 P.M.	62	3.5%
11 - Noon	89	5.0%	11 - Midnight	59	3.3%
					0.0%
			Total	1,787	100.0%

Tiburon Fire Protection District Call Frequency Analysis by Month Fiscal Year 2019-2020



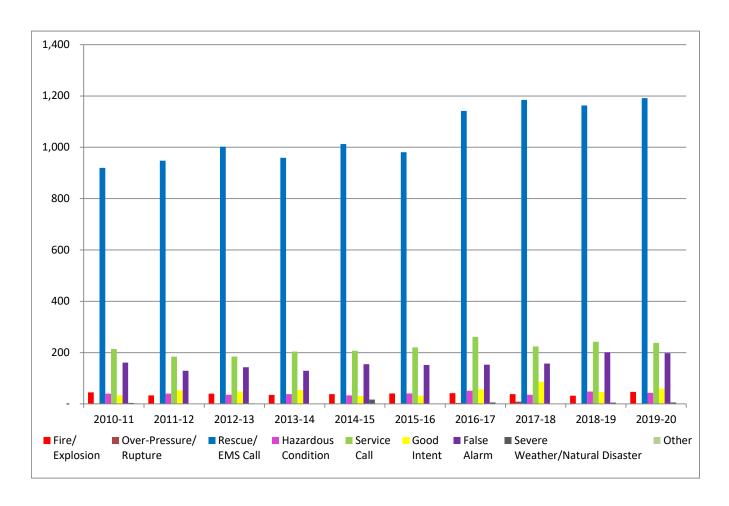
Month	Total Calls	% of Total
Jul-19	144	8.1%
Aug-19	186	10.4%
Sep-19	165	9.2%
Oct-19	214	12.0%
Nov-19	145	8.1%
Dec-19	164	9.2%
Jan-20	144	8.1%
Feb-20	121	6.8%
Mar-20	133	7.4%
Apr-20	90	5.0%
May-20	133	7.4%
Jun-20	148	8.3%
	1,787	100.0%

Tiburon Fire Protection District Call Frequency Analysis by Day of Week Fiscal Year 2019-2020



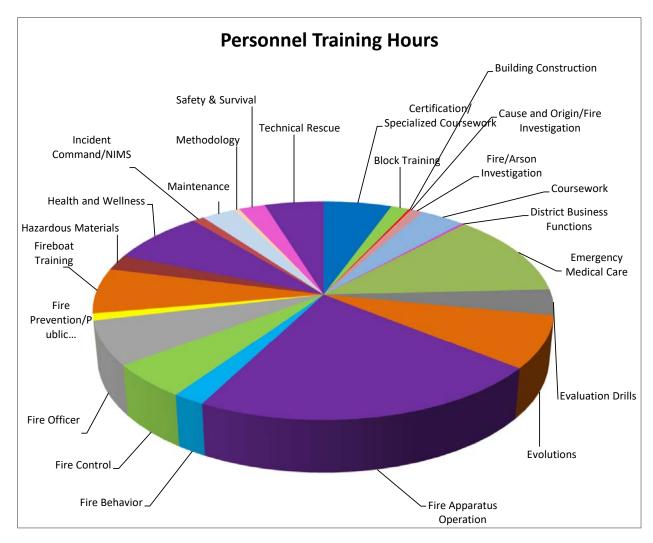
Day of Week	Total Calls	% of Total
Monday	255	14.3%
Tuesday	261	14.6%
Wednesday	234	13.1%
Thursday	225	12.6%
Friday	257	14.4%
Saturday	283	15.8%
Sunday	272	15.2%
	1,787	100.0%

Tiburon Fire Protection District Call Frequency Analysis by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years



								<u>Severe</u>		
Over-				<u>Weather/</u>						
<u>Fiscal</u>	<u>Fire/</u>	Pressure/	Rescue/	<u> Hazardous</u>	<u>Service</u>	<u>Good</u>	<u>False</u>	<u>Natural</u>		
<u>Year</u>	Explosion	Rupture	EMS Call	Condition	<u>Call</u>	<u>Intent</u>	<u>Alarm</u>	<u>Disaster</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010-11	45	2	920	40	214	33	161	4	2	1,421
2011-12	33	1	948	40	184	53	129	1	-	1,389
2012-13	40	2	1,002	36	185	48	143	2	-	1,458
2013-14	35	1	959	38	204	54	129	1	-	1,421
2014-15	38	-	1,013	33	207	31	155	17	-	1,494
2015-16	41	1	981	41	220	32	152	1	2	1,471
2016-17	42	4	1,142	51	261	57	153	6	2	1,718
2017-18	38	9	1,185	36	224	87	157	1		1,737
2018-19	32	1	1,163	48	242	47	201	5	1	1,740
2019-20	47	2	1,192	43	238	60	198	6	1	1,787

Tiburon Fire Protection District Personnel Training Hours Fiscal Year 2019-2020



Administration and Organization Block Training Building Construction Cause and Origin/Fire Investigation Communications Coursework Coursework District Business Functions Emergency Medical Care Evaluation Drills Evolutions Fire Apparatus Operation Fire Control Fire Prevention/Public education Fire Prevention/Public education Fire Prevention/Public education Fire Deficer Fire Prevention/Public education Fire Officer Fire Prevention/Public education Fire Deficer Fire Officer Fire Prevention/Public education Fire Deficer Fire Officer Fire Prevention/Public education Fire Officer Fire Off	<u>Description</u>	<u>Hours</u>	% of Total
Building Construction160%Cause and Origin/Fire Investigation40%Communications771%Coursework3014%District Business Functions200%Emergency Medical Care1,01112%Evaluation Drills3144%Evolutions6448%Fire Apparatus Operation1,80522%Fire Behavior1632%Fire Control4215%Fire Prevention/Public education861%Fireboat Training5527%Hazardous Materials1862%Health and Wellness6468%Incident Command/NIMS791%Maintenance2263%Methodology360%Safety & Survival1772%	Administration and Organization	457	6%
Cause and Origin/Fire Investigation40%Communications771%Coursework3014%District Business Functions200%Emergency Medical Care1,01112%Evaluation Drills3144%Evolutions6448%Fire Apparatus Operation1,80522%Fire Behavior1632%Fire Control4215%Fire Officer5427%Fire Prevention/Public education861%Fireboat Training5527%Hazardous Materials1862%Health and Wellness6468%Incident Command/NIMS791%Maintenance2263%Methodology360%Safety & Survival1772%	Block Training	121	1%
Communications 77 1% Coursework 301 4% District Business Functions 20 0% Emergency Medical Care 1,011 12% Evaluation Drills 314 4% Evolutions 644 8% Fire Apparatus Operation 1,805 22% Fire Behavior 163 2% Fire Control 421 5% Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Building Construction	16	0%
Coursework 301 4% District Business Functions 20 0% Emergency Medical Care 1,011 12% Evaluation Drills 314 4% Evolutions 644 8% Fire Apparatus Operation 1,805 22% Fire Behavior 163 2% Fire Control 421 5% Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Cause and Origin/Fire Investigation	4	0%
District Business Functions 20 0% Emergency Medical Care 1,011 12% Evaluation Drills 314 4% Evolutions 644 8% Fire Apparatus Operation 1,805 22% Fire Behavior 163 2% Fire Control 421 5% Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Communications	77	1%
Emergency Medical Care 1,011 12% Evaluation Drills 314 4% Evolutions 644 8% Fire Apparatus Operation 1,805 22% Fire Behavior 163 2% Fire Control 421 5% Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Coursework	301	4%
Evaluation Drills 314 4% Evolutions 644 8% Fire Apparatus Operation 1,805 22% Fire Behavior 163 2% Fire Control 421 5% Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	District Business Functions	20	0%
Evolutions 644 8% Fire Apparatus Operation 1,805 22% Fire Behavior 163 2% Fire Control 421 5% Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Emergency Medical Care	1,011	12%
Fire Apparatus Operation 1,805 22% Fire Behavior 163 2% Fire Control 421 5% Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Evaluation Drills	314	4%
Fire Behavior 163 2% Fire Control 421 5% Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Evolutions	644	8%
Fire Control 421 5% Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Fire Apparatus Operation	1,805	22%
Fire Officer 542 7% Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Fire Behavior	163	2%
Fire Prevention/Public education 86 1% Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Fire Control	421	5%
Fireboat Training 552 7% Hazardous Materials 186 2% Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Fire Officer	542	7%
Hazardous Materials1862%Health and Wellness6468%Incident Command/NIMS791%Maintenance2263%Methodology360%Safety & Survival1772%	Fire Prevention/Public education	86	1%
Health and Wellness 646 8% Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Fireboat Training	552	7%
Incident Command/NIMS 79 1% Maintenance 226 3% Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Hazardous Materials	186	2%
Maintenance2263%Methodology360%Safety & Survival1772%	Health and Wellness	646	8%
Methodology 36 0% Safety & Survival 177 2%	Incident Command/NIMS	79	1%
Safety & Survival 177 2%	Maintenance	226	3%
•	Methodology	36	0%
Technical Rescue 396 5%	Safety & Survival	177	2%
	Technical Rescue	396	5%

Source: District's Emergency Reporting database

100%

8,277